

Historical Society

THE NAPANE

Vol. LVII No. 22—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

W. T. BAIRD

ORGANIST AND CHOIR
DIRECTOR

of Trinity Methodist Church.

Teacher of Piano, Organ, and
Voice Culture.

A few Pupils more will be accepted.

Studio:—Dundas Street. 38tf

MONUMENTS!

Markers, Posts,
Latest Designs.

WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

Place your order now and have
a Monument erected this
spring.

The Napanee Marble Works
MARKET SQUARE.

DOXSEE & CO.

On Sale Tuesday,

April 9th.

Six dozen Brassieres ranging in price from 75c to \$1.00 sizes 36, 38 and 40.

Sale price, 50 cents

MILLINERY

Hats to suit every face and every purse. Headquarters for stylish head wear. Many New Models and Exclusive Styles not shown elsewhere.

Neckwear and Corsets our Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

NOTICE!

5000 Buckrake Wanted

War Summary of The Latest Events

In Palestine and in Mesopotamia British armies continue to advance steadily, capturing many prisoners and much war material. The night bulletin from the War Office tells of fighting in Palestine east of the Jordan, where the fortified enemy positions on the hills south of Es-Salt were stormed along a front of a mile and captured. By nightfall the British cavalry were within two miles of Es-Salt. When the despatch was sent 260 prisoners had been brought in.

In Mesopotamia the advance toward Mosul has become a pursuit of the fleeing Turks. They are making twenty miles a day in their retreat, but that does not save them from the onslaughts of the British cavalry. On Monday, it is announced, twelve additional field guns were captured, and the number of prisoners reported now totals over 1,800. The confident way in which General Marshall's army is following up the fleeing enemy would seem to indicate that the Turkish leaders have drained Mesopotamia of troops for the campaign in Armenia and Transcaucasia, and that little resistance is anticipated when Mosul is reached. There may be a closer connection than appears on the surface between the dash for Mosul and the campaign of extermination the Turks are waging against the Armenians. Some time ago there was heavy fighting at Van, in Southern Armenia, in which the Armenians and some Russians, who were helping them, captured the town. The shutting off of munitions from Transcaucasia, as a result of the Turkish successes there, would probably leave the Armenians of the South without means of self-defence. Were an Anglo-Indian army in occupation of Mosul, with good lines of communications to the Persian Gulf, the munitioning of the Armenians would be an easy task, and the men who are fighting grimly with meagre resources to prevent the extermination of their race would be encouraged to fight on. The Arabs, also of the Hedjaz State, who were greatly impressed by the capture of Bagdad and Jerusalem, and are now cordially co-operating with the British armies in clearing the Turk out of the Syrian Desert, would regard the occupation of Mosul as the first step toward the linking up of the British fronts in Mesopotamia and Palestine, and the throwing up of a wall of defence between them and their former oppressors. This co-operation between the Moslems of the desert and the British troops is the best evidence that could be obtained of the failure of the Sultan of Turkey to

implement his proclamation of a "Holy War" against Britain and her Allies.

On the Lys battlefield there have been no infantry actions of any importance during the past twenty-four hours. The German artillery has been active against the back areas in the Bethune sector, and the French positions around Loire have been heavily shelled. Correspondents tell of the continuous shelling of Kemmel Hill by the British and French guns. Reuter's correspondent states that unless the enemy can push on, the hill-top may become a deathtrap instead of a point of vantage.

The volcano on the Somme smokes, but there is as yet no eruption. Reports from Paris tell of lively bombardments in the region of Montdidier, south of the Aire. On the British front between the Somme and Aire all is quiet.

In Macedonia the engagements in the bend of the Cerna continue. Enemy reconnaissances there have been repulsed, and the detachments taking part in them dispersed. The Allied artillery and bombing aviators are busy, and the signs multiply of a forward movement of the Serbs and French on that part of the front between Monastir and the Vardar.

The German press calls upon the Austrians to begin their offensive in the Alps. General von Ardenne, in The Berliner Tageblatt, says that "while the German people await a revival of the fighting activity there with confidence, they also await it with impatience." A few victories in the north of Italy would be very welcome just now to the men whose business it is to keep up the morale of the German people. The reluctance of Austria to get into the blood-bath with her ally angers the Germans, who had evidently hoped for a diversion of part of the Allies' strength in France to meet an Austrian attack upon Italy. That attack may come soon, but for the moment no forward movement is possible. The passes have been blocked by an abnormally late and heavy fall of snow, and the floods that will follow must subside before Austria hurls her army down into Venetia and Lombardy.

DENBIGH.

The frame dwelling house of Oscar Ruttan on the Denbigh-Griffith Road was destroyed by fire with nearly all contents last Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Ruttan and the children were alone at home, her husband being away river-driving on Hydes Creek near their farm. When she noticed the fire the garret and roof was all ablaze and all she succeeded in saving was her sewing machine and a few trifling household articles. When a few neighbors arrived they also could do nothing. Mrs. Ruttan supposes that the fire started from a spark which escaped from a defective stovepipe in the garret, and lodged in some inflammable article. There is no insurance on either building or contents. The fam-

CENTREVILLE.

The continued cold weather is keeping the farmers very backward in their sowing.

The funeral of the late J. Breaux was held on Wednesday in the Roman Catholic cemetery here, and the remains were placed in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, Monday morning, after an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Whalen, Chippewa, has moved to Thomas Timmons' place.

There is much agitation in the large over all the young boys he called out for military service.

The kitchen shower held in the home on Wednesday night for Tom Dewey and his bride was a great success.

The cheese factory has opened the season.

Patrick Kearns is in Toronto visiting his daughter.

NORTHERBROOK.

Gardening and seeding is the order of the day since syrup weather over.

Mr. Wm. Both had his big cut wood sawed this week.

Mrs. Hillier is spending a week with her grandson, Mr. C. Thompson.

We are very sorry to lose Mrs. I. Moon who left on Friday for her home in Mauchier.

Mr. Marshal Preslar and son H. old brought a big drove of young cattle back to the Preslar Homestead on Wednesday.

Mrs. Art Perkins made a busily trip to Tweed this week.

Mr. Charlie Clark, Tweed, visited Northbrook one day this week.

We are glad to see Mr. Kenn Ellis able to be around again after several weeks illness.

We are all very sorry to lose Stanley Wheeler and family who are moving to Cloyne. Mr. Wheeler always ready with a helping hand, what we lose others gain.

A number from here attended sugar social at Cloyne on Friday night and all report a good time.

ROBLIN.

A large crowd attended the Ladies Aid on Tuesday afternoon at Parsonage.

A number from here attended funeral of Mr. Tom Kimmett, M. B. A., on Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Moss and Hazel, Tamworth, spent Sunday at Mrs. Lasher's.

Miss Burd Hughes was the guest of Miss Lily McCutcheon on Sunday.

Misses Aleda Young, Dorothy Hanson and Mr. Ross Sills, Napanee, spent the week the guest of Volney Woods.

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VALUABLE BRIDGE STREET

DRUGGISTS

Styles not shown elsewhere.
Neckwear and Corsets our
Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

NOTICE !

5000 Muskrats Wanted

Highest Price Guaranteed

Also bring your Beef Hides
and other Skins. Deal direct
with

W. G. PAUL,

Office Paisley House Block,
Phone 191. Market Square
15d-p

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office—Winnipeg.

Capital (authorized) ... \$6,000,000

Capital (paid up) ... 1,431,200

Rest and Undivided Profits \$845,544

DIRECTORS.

President—Capt. Wm. Robinson.

Vice-President—John Stovel.

W. R. Rawl, A. McTavish Campbell,

Sir Douglas Cameron, K.C.M.G.

F. F. Hutchings, Geo. Fisher.

General Manager—Robert Campbell.

Special Care given to Savings Accounts.

Savings Bank Department at all Branches.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

W. J. WIGGINS,
Manager Napanee Branch.

Don't Forget !

I am open to buy all kinds of
Grain Seeds and Beans,
Hay, Straw and Potatoes,
in small or Car Lots

AT TOP PRICES.

And have For Sale

Flour, Bran, Shorts, and Mixed
Feeds, Meal, Oil Cake, and
Cotton Seed.

OUR NEW GROCERY
One Door West, is nicely stocked
with First-Class Goods.—A call
will repay you.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

Soldiers' Comfort Kits \$1.75. Ask
to see them at WALLACE'S.

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Mr. Wm. Warlich has started operation with the steam sawmill he lately bought from Mr. J. S. Lane. His supply of custom logs is not near as large as it generally has been other springs, as owing to the late proprietor's illness all winter it was very uncertain if the mill would be run at all this spring, and many local customers who need lumber bad enough did not begin to get out any logs until the roads were near breaking up.

Maple sugar and syrup making is for this season a thing of the past. The results of the season were about a fair average yield.

Our farmers are now very busy with their springs seeding, or with getting their land ready for seeding and planting. Owing to late snowstorms and the continuous cold weather only a very small percentage of the intended amount of spring seeding has so far been done, though every one aims at increasing the production of his lands as much as possible this season. The scarcity of hired farm help will also be severely felt here, especially if some more of our farmers' sons who have first been exempted should yet be called to the colours.

Mr. Chas. Both spent a few days on business in Cloyne and Northbrook and renewed some old acquaintances near his former place of residence.

Adolph Warlich, of Saskatoon, Sask., has arrived at his old home, and intends to remain here this season to assist his stepfather, P. Stein, who has not been in very good health lately, with his farming operations.

Clerk's Office, Napanee, April 11, 1918.
BOOKS : POOKS !

Wallace's Drug Store sells 2 oz. Blaud's Improved Iron Pills 25c., Mother Seagram Syrup 15c. per package, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil 20c., 3 lbs. Sulphur 25c., 6 lbs. Cattle Salts 25c., English Epsom Salts 5c. package, Rexall Epsom Salts 10c. per can, 3 packages Dyola Diamond or Turkish Dye 25c., 3 packages of 15c. envelopes (while they last) 25c., \$1.00 bottles of Howard's Beef Iron and Wine 75c., 6 bars overseas Chocolates 25c., large bar of Castile 35c. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

VALUABLE BRIDGE STREET PROPERTY

FOR SALE BY TENDER

W. J. Campbell offers his Bridge St. property for sale by tender in two parcels. The east 55 ft. frontage by 166 ft. depth, upon which is built the residence and sleeping-out cottage to be parcel No. 1. The west 36 ft. frontage upon which is built the barn to be parcel No. 2. This makes a good building lot for a modern home. Tenders for the above property will be received up to May 15th.

There is no better building location in Napanee. The house is equipped with all modern conveniences. There is a good garden and beautiful shade trees. With the house is included the electric fixtures and window shades. Property may be inspected by arrangement with Mrs. Campbell, phone 165.

Tenders to be mailed to Hamilton. In disposing of property consideration will be given to tenders received early.

Address tenders to

W. J. CAMPBELL,
Care The G. W. Robinson Co. Limited
Hamilton, Ont.

SEED POTATOES

Early Irish Cobbler Seed Potatoes, from registered stock, government inspected, true to variety, and free from all diseases in the field, except scab. \$2.50 per bag.

Davies Warrior Late Potatoes, similar to above, the new variety of late potatoes, imported from Scotland, and has given the heaviest yield at Guelph of any variety of potatoes. Grown from registered seed, a small quantity at \$2.50 per bag.

Apply,

G. B. CURRAN,
Ontario Department of Agriculture,
Napanee.

Miss Lily McCutcheon on Sunday. Misses Aleda Young, Dorothy Ross and Mr. Ross Sills, Napanee spent the week the guest of Volney Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McCutcheon motored to Kingston on Monday. Mr. Frank McCutcheon purchased new Chevrolet car.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. O'Rourke, daughter, of Tamworth, called at Mr. Garratt's on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clare Hinch, Hinch, spent Sunday with her parents, and Mrs. Wm. Paul.

Mr. A. Kimmett and Mr. and M. V. Oliver, Deseronto, spent Sunday A. Kimmett's.

Sunday callers:—Mr. A. Graham, Mr. A. McCutcheon's, Mr. T. R. Mond at Mrs. A. Kimmett's; Mr. Kimmett at Mr. H. Bradshaw's; M. McCutcheon at Mr. Craig Forest Mills.

CENTREVILLE

A heavy thunder storm passed over this district on Monday evening, no damage has been reported.

Very little seeding has yet been done in this part.

The recent heavy frosts have greatly injured the fall grain and meadows. Some of the fall wheat have had to be ploughed up.

The cheese factory started operations for the season on the 22nd.

There is a great scarcity of laborers in this locality and will all probability be greater in a few days owing to the call of the young men of military age. There are quite a number of them in this vicinity. James Wees' new residence is nearing completion and will be a great addition to the appearance of the village.

Autos are getting very common here, new ones appearing every week. There is quite an amount of sowing through here but none very sown.

Rumor says a couple of weddings soon. Guess who?

ENTERPRISE.

A severe electric storm passed over here on Monday evening accompanied by wind and rain. No harm is reported. The rain did considerably good in softening the ground and so helped the pasture which is growing very rapidly at present.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dowling spent Sunday at Read, Tyendinaga, guest of their daughter, Mrs. Michael Heffernan.

Mrs. Jas. Shire is very poorly present. Slight hopes are held for her recovery. We hope for speedy recovery.

Mr. Thos. Shire got exempted a time on account of the illness of his mother.

Mr. Jas. Dwyer has moved next to the village on his farm in Camco.

Mr. Reuben Wagar is engaged in Cedar Hill at present, building a pen for Leo Flynn.

Mr. John Quinn and wife were Napanee attending the funeral of brother, the late Matthew Quinn.

Miners and prospectors are returning with the opening of spring the fine weather.

Mrs. Jas. Byrnes has returned from Gosport to spend the summer at her own home here.

Mr. T. McMullen called in our vicinity one day last week.

Farmers are busy seeding. We hope they may be amply rewarded for their labors.

Housecleaning is in full swing. Making garden will be the next order.

CAR NUMBER LOST.

No. 90429-1918 lost on Kings Road. Will finder kindly leave same with F. S. Lapum, Napanee, and receive reward.

Butter Paper

Printed and packed in

25 Cent Packages.

The Express Printing House.

ANNEE EXPRESS

\$1 per year in advance, \$1.50 if not so paid.

., CANADA—FRIDAY, MAY 3rd, 1918.

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The continued cold weather is leaving the farmers very backward with their sowing.

The funeral of the late John Bresault was held on Wednesday last, in the Roman Catholic cemetery here. He died in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, on Monday morning, after an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Whalen, Chippewa, has moved on Thomas Timmons' place.

There is much agitation in the village over all the young boys being called out for military service.

The kitchen shower held in the hall here on Wednesday night for Thomas Dewey and his bride was a great success.

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Patrick Kearns is in Toronto visiting his daughter.

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Mrs. Hillier is spending a few weeks with her grandson, Mr. C. C. Thompson.

We are very sorry to lose Mrs. Roy soon who left on Friday for her new home in Mactier.

Mr. Marshal Preslar and son Harold brought a big drove of young cattle back to the Preslar Homestead on Wednesday.

Mr. Art Perkins made a business trip to Tweed this week.

Mr. Charlie Clark, Tweed, visited Northbrooke one day this week.

We are glad to see Mr. Kenneth Ellis able to be around again after several weeks illness.

We are all very sorry to lose Mr. Stanley Wheeler and family who are moving to Cloyne. Mr. Wheeler was always ready with a helping hand, so that we lose others gain.

A number from here attended the cigar social at Cloyne on Friday night and all report a good time.

ROBLIN.

A large crowd attended the Ladies' id on Tuesday afternoon at the arsonage.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mr. Tom Kimmitt, Marlank, on Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Moss and Hazel, of Amworth, spent Sunday at Mrs. D. Asher's.

Miss Burd Hughes was the guest of Miss Lily McCutcheon on Sunday.

Misses Aleda Young, Dorothy Robins and Mr. Ross Sills, Napanee, spent the week the guest of Mr. Sibley Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell stored to Kingston on Monday.

Mr. Frank McCutcheon purchased a new Chevrolet car.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. O'Rourke and daughter, of Tamworth, called at Rev. Mr. Garratt's on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clare Hinch, Hinch, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Paul.

Mr. A. Kimmitt and Mr. and Mrs. Oliver, Deseronto, spent Sunday at

ODESSA.

Miss Wagar, New York, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Babcock.

Luke Fisher, who is a student in the Toronto Dental College, arrived home last week.

Mrs. Cresley, Kingston, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Henzy.

John McCormack, late of Texas, arrived home a few days ago to visit his people before enlisting for overseas. It is twelve years since he left and, having decided to do his bit, preferred going as a Canadian. Consequently he was allowed to spend a short time with his mother and brother before leaving.

Charles Emmons, who has been living in Kingston for some time, is moving in the store terrace on Main street. He has purchased his old home from Noble Bond and eventually will settle there.

Charles Decker has purchased a residence on University avenue, Kingston, and will occupy it in the near future.

The annual I.O.O.F. service was held in the Methodist church last Sunday afternoon, Rev. I. Bedford delivered an eloquent sermon, and the church was crowded, many from other places attending.

The Odessa Dramatic Club gave a concert at Yarker on April 19th for the Yarker Red Cross branch. The proceeds at the door amounted to over one hundred dollars.

Oscar Babcock had the misfortune to break his arm while cranking his car last Saturday afternoon.

YARKER

Fox Martin, son of Samuel Martin, had the fingers of his right hand badly torn while operating a sawing machine. He was taken to Kingston General Hospital for treatment.

Hiram Walker had to return to the General Hospital and is doing well.

William Smith, of Yarker, injured in the Locomotive Works, Kingston, is not seriously hurt. His wife left for Kingston in answer to a telegram sent here.

There are so many autos on the main road through Yarker that it is becoming real dangerous for children.

The Odessa Dramatic club gave a good entertainment in the hall here. For amateurs they certainly played their parts well.

Something in the manufacturing line will be opened up shortly. A large motor truck has been purchased for use in hauling products of the factory.

Ronald Hyland has moved to Yarker.

Many autos are being sold in Yarker and vicinity this spring.

Aeroplanes are now seen from Mohawk camp flying over Yarker.

The new hall erected for league and prayer services is completed.

The section men have now removed all surplus left from excavations in the C.N.R. yard.

In the last six months Yarker and Colebrook Red Cross have sent to Toronto 668 suits pyjamas, 712 pairs socks, 67 hot water bottle covers, 27 trench cups and 148 candles.

Cheese factories are experiencing trouble in engaging milk drawers. This will result in more cream being

B. L. K. MILKING MACHINES

We have taken the agency for this Milking Machine, which with the use of the

FAIRBANKS-MORSE ENGINE FOR POWER

is a most perfect outfit. We will be pleased to demonstrate this machine at our office to any who may be interested.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234, NAPANEE, ONT.
ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES
Garage, Mill Street.

THE DOMINION BANK

ESTABLISHED 1871 Farmers' Business

Special attention given to the business of Farmers and Dealers in Live Stock. Sale notes collected on favorable terms.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received.
Interest paid or added to accounts twice a year.
Excellent service assured to depositors.

NAPANEE BRANCH: F. COTTLE, Manager.

Open A Housekeeping Account

with The Merchants Bank, and pay all bills by cheque. By depositing a regular sum in a Savings Account, you know exactly how much is spent on the different branches of housekeeping.

When you settle by cheque, you avoid all disputes as to payment, as the cancelled cheques are receipts and prove the payments.

This business-like method of home finance often prevents paying the same bill twice.

Savings Accounts may be opened in sums from \$1 up, on which interest is allowed.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.

NAPANEE BRANCH,

YARKER BRANCH,

E. R. CHECKLEY, Manager.

R. M. MACPHERSON, Manager.

DR. CAMERON WILSON

OFFICE—ROBERT STREET

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers Napanee

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NUMBER LOST.

90429-19818 lost on Kingston
Island. Will finder kindly leave same
F. S. Lapum, Napanee, and re-
turn.

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trouble in engaging milk drawers.
This will result in more cream being
shipped to Toronto.

Reuben Garrison is on crutches, the
result of a sprained ankle.

The County road scraper is being
used between Yarker and Moscow in
preparing the road for a coat of
gravel.

Harold Oldham has left England for
France and will do his bit as a flyer.
His record as a flyer is of the best.

TAMWORTH

Mr. Editor, will you kindly insert
in your paper a few items from your
old correspondent.

The farmers of this locality are
hard at work on their farms. From
all the reports coming in the land
never was in better shape to receive
the seed. As the snow came so early
in the early part of last winter, and
in such good quantities, that the fall
grain and all the roots and grasses
were protected all winter and the
frost did not go in the ground, in
fact, in many places there was no
frost when the snow left this spring,
and it left the ground in extra
condition for all crops. And this is as
we would like it as the whole world
never was in such need of a good
crop. I see in your valuable paper
of the good work you are trying to
do in order to help the farmer, or
any one in need of help on the land.
This is a good work as this summer
the farmer will need all the aid he
can get to take off the harvest. Some
are saying that they will only put in
what they can take care of them-
selves. Now, that is not the right
spirit to go to work on, for we are
assured that if every one will do his
best to increase the food supply God
will give them a way to reap.
More faith is what we need, and if
we do our part, God will do His. The
country never looked better at this
early in the spring, and everyone
should prepare for a bountiful har-
vest. I think a good plan would be
to send in a request from the farmers
around each village and town
of the time and the work required, as
soon as the time arrives for harvesting
the crops, so each one able and
willing could give all the aid in their
power by knowing the time and
knowing who needs help. In that way
a great work can be accomplished to
good results.

Mr. W. W. Reddin is about finished
repairing his house, bought from W.
A. Fuller. He has made some good
improvements in the remodelling of
this property.

Mr. Chas. Hannah is building a
barn and hog house, to be fitted out
in improved manner.

A. B. Carscallen has commenced the
foundation of a new house on the old
site of W. Mace, which will improve
that part of our village.

J. W. Shier, Jr., is adding to his
large stock of general merchandise in
many new lines. Call and see these
new lines.

We have had some very sudden
deaths around Tamworth this last
few weeks, and just now a few serious
cases of sickness.

Campbell's Varnish Stain, the best
of all. Covers up scratches and makes
old furniture like new. All size cans
at WALLACE'S, Napanee Agents.

THIS BUSINESS-LIKE METHOD OF HOME FINNACE
often prevents paying the same bill twice.
Savings Accounts may be opened in sums
from \$1 up, on which interest is allowed.

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E. R. CHECKLEY, Manager.
R. M. MACPHERSON, Manager.

DR. CAMERON WILSON

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(House lately occupied by Mrs. A. F.
Holmes)

Telephone 106. 15-tf

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Cor. Dundas and West Sts. Napanee
Specialty—diseases of children.

Office Hours: Until 9 a.m., 1 p.m.

till 3 p.m., 7 p.m. till 9 p.m.

Visits Yarker Tuesdays and Friday,

10 a.m. till 5 p.m.

Phone 279. 22-1-y

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

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H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

Phone 61. 34

U. M. WILSON,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public,
Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.

PHONES—Office 46, residence 125.

OFFICE—Dundas Street, Napanee.

19-tf.

HOARDING OF FLOUR IS NOW TABOOED

People Will be Heavily Fined For Having
Supplies Stored Up.

Ottawa, April 27.—By an order issued
by the Canada Food Board today
all flour made wholly or in part
from wheat is placed under restrictions
similar to those imposed yesterday
on sugar holdings. No person two miles or less from licensed dealer
may hold a supply longer than is
necessary for fifteen days' consumption;
two to five miles, thirty days;
five to ten miles, sixty days; over
ten miles, 120 days.

On and after May 1st it will be
illegal to feed milling wheat or any
product to live stock, poultry, etc.
Dealers are also restricted in their
holdings. A fine of \$100 to \$1,000
and three months' imprisonment are
provided for infractions.

A Valuable Gift.

The London Daily Express states
that a magnificent collar, composed of
15 rows of the famous Vanderbilt
pearls, connected by large diamonds
and set in plaques, worth in all about
\$25,000, is the Duchess of Marlbor-
ough's gift to the children's jewel
fund.

Three diamond tiaras already have
been sent to the duchess for the fund,
of which she is the treasurer. Every
woman is asked to contribute one
piece of jewelry to help establish
child welfare and maternity centres,
of which 5,000 more are needed in
the United Kingdom.

Send the boys at the front a
"Kodak" picture of familiar sights
around the old home. It will cheer
them up more than anything. Kodaks
and supplies are sold in Napanee
only at WALLACE'S.

SHORTHORNED BULL FOR SERVICE

Sittiton Sultan, one of the best
bulls of the breed in Canada is for
service to a limited number of cows
at \$5.00 per cow for pure-bred, and
\$2.50 per cow for grades. Fees payable
at time of service, with privilege
of returning, at J. ED. HARRISON'S,
3 miles north of Roblin.

TO LET—Three large rooms, over
the Strand Theatre. All modern conven-
iences, such as waterworks, closets, and electric
lights. Apply to M. MAKER. 17tf

FOR SALE—A number of houses
and lots in town, and also a number of
desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-1-tf

LOST—On Wednesday, between
Napanee and Camden East, hood for
Ford Auto top. Will finder kindly leave at
this office. 21-tf

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One
Seed Store on Dundas Street; one Store
House and Evaporator, on Water Street. Apply
to Thos. Symington. 6tf

ORGAN FOR SALE—In first class
condition. Would make good organ for
country church. Uxbridge make solid walnut
case. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD. Dundas
Street, Napanee. 52

FOR SALE—Two Brick Houses,
south side Dundas street, just east of and
next to Madden's Grocery Store and Butcher
Shop. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 13tf

WANTED for Kingston by 15th
April, a good plain cook in family of two.
Two other servants kept. Old country person preferred.
Wages thirty to thirty-five dollars per
month. Must have good references. Apply
box B. Napanee Express. 18c

REGISTERED SCOTCH SHORT HORNS BULL JOHN BROWN for Service
Fee \$2.00 for Pure Bred, \$1.50 for Grades, payable
at time of service. Also Pure Bred Tam-
worth sire, Fee \$1.25. 1000 Feet Rock Elm
Plank, and some Seed Oats and Gold Vine Peas
for sale. Write or phone G. H. BROOKS,
Roblin. 29bp

MEN WANTED—Everywhere to
show samples for Large Grocery Cor-
poration. All goods sold at factory prices.
Best Granulated Sugar \$6.50 cwt. Comfort,
Sunlight, Surprise or Gold Soap 7 for 25 cents.
Pure Lard 5 pound pail for \$1.00 etc. Agent's
profit 15c, on every \$2.00 sale. Sample case free
THE CONSUMERS ASSOCIATION, Windsor,
Ont. 20cp

BERRY NOTICE

Strawberry plants for
sale. Write for prices.

A. C. PARKS,
R. R. 3, Napanee

19-cp

The Napane Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

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A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE

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Chief Surgeon to the Kingston General Hospital

Office — North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napane.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened and office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near

Madden's grocery.

Kingston Business College

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Kingston, Canada.

Canada's Highest Grade Business School offers superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects.

Our graduates secure best positions. Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED!

at once for

NAPANEE

and District for

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES.

Spring 1917 planting list is now ready.

Splendid list of hardy CANADIAN GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock, including McIntosh RED APPLE, ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RASP-

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

A parade of the Soldiers of the Soil took place to-day in Toronto.

H. A. Jarvis resigns the presidency of the Parkdale branch, G.W.V.A. Toronto.

A quantity of butter with finely cut wire mixed in it has been found at Calgary.

Three days in the week have been set aside in Jamaica when meat is not to be eaten.

The mobilization centre had 106 British-born recruits from the United States yesterday.

The first of the new draft of men of the ages of 20 to 22 will be called to the colors early next week.

Thirty-seven more men were put into uniform in Toronto through the activities of the Dominion police.

American newspapers, it is announced, will have to reduce their size by 50 per cent. in the coming year.

Four military exemption tribunals will open in Toronto on May 1 and will be presided over by the county judges.

Lack of coal has forced the Austrian Minister of Railways to suspend passenger traffic on the northern roads.

Only married men of the original fifties now on furlough in a category lower than B2 will be permitted to remain in Canada.

Canada's trade during the year ending with March increased by \$15,292,044, totalling in exports and imports \$2,564,462,215.

Further returns of the voting on the question of Methodist itinerancy show a majority of over two to one in favor of the present system.

The Budget speech is postponed to next Tuesday, April 30, owing to Hon. Mr. Maclean's having to be absent from the capital a few days this week.

At Coroner Demary's inquiry into the death of Vasil George, a Macedonian, a Toronto jury brought in a verdict charging Goncho Christoff with murder.

THURSDAY.

Election of Rhodes scholars has been postponed until after the war.

Two large Austrian power factories have been destroyed by explosions.

About half the bees around Brantford perished through the severity of the winter.

Neal Pearson, a private of the Royal Air Force, was moved from the Toronto jail to the General Hospital.

Thousands of Toronto school children created a memorable spectacle in the soldiers of the soil parade in Toronto.

New instructions have been issued correcting the orders which by error cut short the furlough of First Contingent men by two weeks.

Four months of the Military Service Act yielded 13,365 men physically fit for combatant service, out of some 24,000 who reported.

The Governor-General sent a cablegram to the First Lord of the Admiralty of congratulation upon the navy's recent exploit in Flanders.

Mr. J. L. Payne, Comptroller of Statistics of the Department of Railways, told the C.N.R. Board of Arbitration,



Hon. W. J. Hanna, was killed in an airplane accident in England.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, addressed the Senate and Commons.

Dr. Robert J. McFall, M.A., Ph.D., has been selected as Cost of Living Commissioner, succeeding W. F. O'Connor, K.C.

Vice-Admiral Schroeder of the German fleet is to be removed from his position as commander at Zeebrugge, owing to the raid.

A delegation of 2,500 farmers will protest to the Dominion Government against the removal of exemption for young men working on farms.

Mr. Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, has refused the appointment in the Senate offered by the Governor of Missouri.

The explosion of a coal oil stove in a house on Mutual street, Toronto, resulted in the death of Mrs. Emma Sullivan from burns and shock.

The Halifax Relief Commission by a bill passed by the Nova Scotia Legislature, just prorogued, is given extensive powers, independent of civic control.

The Canada Food Board has issued an order limiting the holding of sugar by anyone except manufacturers or dealers to fifteen days' supply, except persons living more than two miles from a licensed dealer.

MONDAY.

The plant of the Hortop Milling Co., Toronto, was destroyed by fire.

Alfred Lawrence, Toronto, saved a woman who had fallen into the Don River.

A supplementary training depot of Canadian Engineers is to open at Brockville.

Anthony Morton, Toronto, is under arrest, charged with stealing forty cases of whiskey.

Additional restrictions on holdings and use of flour are announced by the Canada Food Board.

London Street Railway conductors and motormen have accepted the company's offer of arbitration.

Rev. J. C. Carlile, whose parish includes the Shorncliffe Camp, praises the conduct of Canadian troops.

Fifty Chinamen and 35 Greeks were arrested in Toronto charged with gambling on the Lord's Day.

The president of the Armenian delegation now in Paris charges that the Turks are making a deliberate attempt to wipe out the Armenian race.

The largest freighter in the French mercantile marine service was launched at Dunkirk Saturday and is now in a French port. Her displacement is 19,000 tons.

Dr. von Seydlar, the Austrian Premier, has for a second time presented his resignation. According to a despatch from Zurich Seydlar desired to quit office because the situation is untenable.

The Department of Agriculture will plant one hundred acres of un-

ENEMY DRIVE SMASHED

Massed Attacks of Germans Held Everywhere.

Every Assault on British, French & Belgians Failed—Teutons Fought All Day In Open With Terrible Losses, While Allied Armies Maintained in Defences and Checked Advanced at All Points.

LCNDON, April 30. — German armies are hurling themselves against a granite wall on three sides of the ruined city of Ypres. At fighting of the most terrific nature the British and French lines are intact and the enemy has lost terribly in his repeated assaults against the lines where the allies stand bay.

The immediate objective of fighting which is now going on is the capture of Ypres, where since 1914 the British have held the positions. Two years ago the allies were carried forward and salient in front of the city was won, but from these positions British retired a week ago to trenches where they stood off terrific fighting in the spring of 1917 when they stopped the Germans their first drive for the channel port.

The present battle opened with bombardment of the British and French lines from Meteren to Vimezele, a distance of 12 miles. The same reports of a spread of the fighting around the curve in the line front of Ypres until the Belgian lines, north of the city, were invaded. Field Marshal Haig's official port, anxiously awaited, brought news that the utmost efforts of the Germans had been fruitless all along the line. The Field Marshal's statement said that the Teutons had paid a great price and had gained virtually nothing.

The only point at which the Germans made any gains was on the hilly section of the front back Kemmel Hill, where the French were standing. At some places the enemy was able to occupy portions of the line, but from the greater part these they were driven out by the French, who re-established their defences.

Frontal attacks on Ypres would seem to indicate that there is little confidence in the German general staff that the Ypres positions can be outflanked from the south. The lines as they stand to-day are very strong, and withstood the onset of the Germans in 1914, when Kaiser's army was a much different machine than it is to-day.

The bloody repulse of the Germans in their great plunge forward will mean much in further operations in that sector of the battle-line.

While the struggle was going on before Ypres the British position from La Bassee to Houthoile and from Lens to Vimy were deluged with shells, but so far there has been no infantry fighting report from that part of the front. An attack on this salient in the German lines is expected soon, however, it stands as a constant menace to further advance by the enemy.

Along the front in the Somme sector there has been little fighting. Further south there have been only patrol encounters.

The enemy infantry attack developed over a wide front, extending from north of Vimezele nearly to Meteren. The strategic object was apparently a crab-claw movement converging upon the chain of hills towards Mont Chats. This front

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New Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.

Start now at best selling time. Liberal proposition.

STONE & WELLINGTON.

The Fonthill Nurseries
(Established 1837)
TORONTO, ONT.

60 YEARS'
EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications will be entirely confidential. NAME and ADDRESS sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A weekly illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Better Look Now

If you have decided to take a summer cottage, now is the time to look over the Classified Ads for cottages to rent.

You will get a more satisfactory selection, now, than you will later on.

Or if you wish to take permanent or home places to rent, now is the time to place your Classified Ad.

WE ARE SELLING.

Silos, Karn pianos, Oliver plows, Lily Cream separators, and other Agricultural Implements. We have the Kingston Milling Co.'s. White Rose flour, which is undoubtedly one of the best flours made. Call and see us.

SPENCER & ROSE,
39-b West Side Market.

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., also chimney brick—Napane Brick Yard.

correcting the orders which by error cut short the furlough of First Contingent men by two weeks.

Four months of the Military Service Act yielded 13,365 men physically fit for combatant service, out of some 24,000 who reported.

The Governor-General sent a cablegram to the First Lord of the Admiralty of congratulation upon the navy's recent exploit in Flanders.

Mr. J. L. Payne, Comptroller of Statistics of the Department of Railways, told the C.N.R. Board of Arbitrators that the company was insolvent.

Four hundred and ninety-seven daily newspaper publishers in the United States passed a convention resolution to support President Wilson in his war policy.

Viscount Bryce has submitted the report of the committee appointed to suggest plans for reform of the House of Lords. He proposes a twelve-year term of office and appointments by Commons committees.

The tallest soldier in the British army, if not in the world, Edward J. Labal, six feet nine, has been sent to Montreal by the British Recruiting Mission in Boston; of his twelve sons, six are in the American army now and the others are to be drafted soon. He is a carpenter in the Royal Engineers.

FRIDAY.

Over thirty of the graduating class of fifty of the Ontario Veterinary College will join the army.

The street car strike in Detroit has been called off, and the dispute will be settled by federal mediation.

A steamer with 738 returned officers, non-coms. and men of the C.E.F. reached an Atlantic port.

The jury inquiry into the death of Carl Woodrow, Toronto, brought in a verdict censuring the C.P.R. for negligence.

Nine sons of the late J. A. MacKay of Montreal, who was buried Wednesday, a few weeks after his wife, are in khaki.

Twenty-six returned soldiers left Toronto last night for Northern Ontario, where they will take up land in the clay belt.

Cadet John T. Duval, from Jersey, was killed at Camp Borden when his airplane crashed down as he was making a solo flight.

Chairman Gooderham of the Hamilton Highway Commission told Humber Bay ratepayers that the highway may have a surplus.

Premier Borden read in the Commons a touching appeal from a Toronto boy of sixteen who is eager to serve his country by helping to hold the line.

Wool growers of the United States have agreed to turn over to the Government the entire output at prices based on the price prevailing for washed wool on July 30 last.

Alfred Ingram, foreman; Harry Sylvester and George Cameron, were killed in an explosion of an ammonia tank at the Hamilton Tar & Ammonia Co.'s plant, and the plant was wrecked.

Norwegian capitalists are making arrangements to revive the whaling industry in Newfoundland waters. They plan to sell the meat in the United States and make the fat into margarine.

SATURDAY.

The Canadian National Committee for Mental Hygiene was organized at Ottawa.

Results of the Military Service Act in Quebec are now pronounced extremely gratifying.

St. Catharines has formed the War Chest Club to be the sole organization for war relief work.

The G.N.R. Board of Arbitrators will be unable to conclude their inquiry for another two weeks.

Lieut. H. J. Hanna, a nephew of

attempt to wipe out the Armenian race.

The largest freighter in the French mercantile marine service was launched at Dunkirk Saturday and is now in a French port. Her displacement is 19,000 tons.

Dr. von Seydlar, the Austrian Premier, has for a second time presented his resignation. According to a despatch from Zurich Seydlar desires to quit office because the situation is untenable.

The Department of Agriculture will plant one hundred acres of unoccupied land near Armour Heights with flax, and is making a survey of all land around Toronto to have a maximum acreage under crop.

Several squadrons of horse are to be raised in the West as reinforcements for the Canadian cavalry on the Western front, and the Royal Northwest Mounted Police have been given permission to join; more than four hundred have already done so, and probably two hundred more will enlist; their places are to be filled by Category B men.

TUESDAY.

Rev. John C. Carlile preached the McMaster baccalaureate sermon.

Troops from Canada to the number of 2,905 have safely reached England.

Canadian Jews are permitted to enlist in the Jewish Legion for service in Palestine.

New Russian Government at Petrograd repudiates peace with Germany and demands Estonia.

Thirteen military decorations are to be presented by the Governor-General in Toronto on May 3.

Serbians on Mount Dobronjic, in Macedonia, penetrate a Bulgarian work and drive out garrison.

Lieut. J. Beverley Robinson's (Toronto) escape from Germany is announced in a despatch from England.

Dr. C. J. O. Hastings and C. J. Bodley, two Food Board officials, discuss the latest regulations in Toronto.

Cardinal Begir was seized with a hemorrhage yesterday morning, and his condition, owing to his advanced age, is somewhat serious.

The Workers' Educational Association is inaugurated in Toronto. The board of governors of the University donate \$1,000 to the cause.

The British Government has contracted for the purchase of virtually the whole product of Australian zinc concentrates for the period of the war and a decade thereafter.

Drastic restrictions on the use of sugar and shortening and curtailment of use of wheat flour in candy and sweet dough products are announced by the Food Board.

All the Superintendents of Registration have been named for the census of man-power and woman-power in June, and many of the Registrars have been selected and approved.

Baron Shimpei Goto has been installed as Foreign Minister of Japan in succession to Baron Motono, who resigned recently. Motono's policy, it is declared, will be continued.

Hon. Mr. Rowell, speaking at Bowmanville, said he hoped, and thought the hope well founded, that men of Class I between 20 and 22 years of age would not be called from the farms till seeding is done, but said the need of man-power on the Western front was now more urgent than food production.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

lines is expected soon, however, it stands as a constant menace to further advance by the enemy.

Along the front in the Somme sector there has been little fighting. Further south there have been only patrol encounters.

The enemy infantry attack developed over a wide front, extending from north of Voormezeele nearly to Mereen. The strategic object was apparently a crab-claw movement converging upon the chain of hills towards Mont Chats. This front held by the French in the centre was by our divisions on the flanks.

The enemy's failure to advance Loure undoubtedly influenced him resort to crushing tactics, but his news so far is eminently satisfactory.

The infantry attacked at 6 o'clock with an attempt to advance toward Scherpenberg. This was completely held at first. During the morning the battle extended above Voormezeele. Although Ypres is not yet attacked, the battle has extended thereto. An enemy reconnaissance force against the Belgians was repulsed.

Everywhere on the battle field terrible punishment is being inflicted upon the enemy, who has thrown divisions with lavish disregard of his sacrifices. Once again he is paying the full price for no result.

The Germans, realizing that they were making no progress, modified the crab-claw idea and the fight developed into a more direct assault against Scherpenberg, a Mount Rouge. The Germans are making an intense use of their great artillery strength, but the French garrisons on the hills have splendid cover. Their 75's and our field guns furiously reply. The air is full of airplanes, mostly observing.

It is abundantly clear that a day's story when told will be all the credit of Franco-British arms. The battle is not yet over, but for attack which has been in progress seven or eight hours without making headway, it is not premature to say that it has failed. The German army will be weaker by many thousands for they have been fighting all day in the open, while the Franco-British scarcely anywhere left their prepared defences.

Chasing the Hun.

LONDON, April 30. — Report military operations in the East. At can battle zone, an official statement issued yesterday by the War Office says the advance of British and Portuguese forces that are pursuing German forces which crossed the German East African border into Mozambique, is proceeding under most favorable weather conditions.

Turks Take Kars Fortress.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 30. — The Turkish official communiqué issued yesterday says:

"We have occupied the fortress Kars and captured 860 guns."

John Catna, ex-M.P.P. of Peel Sound, is dead.

French Senator Dead.

PARIS, April 30. — Senator Edouard de Marçais is dead. He was the last of seventy-five senators nominated for life by the Senate under the constitution of 1875. The senator was born at Dieppe in 1828.

The Original Fists, now home to Toronto on furlough, decided to form a club.

It is estimated that five thousand men between the ages of 20-22 will be with the colors by May 15 in the Toronto district.

ENEMY DRIVE SMASHED

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ry Assault on British, French and Belgians Failed—Teutons Fought All Day In Open With Terrible Losses, While Allied Armies Remained In Defences and Checked Advanced at All Points.

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LARGE ARMY PROMISED.

United States Talks of Raising Army of 3,000,000 Men.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Members of the House Committee on Military Affairs said yesterday that preparations must be made at once for obtaining 3,000,000 fighting men and sending them to France in the shortest possible time. They learned recently from the War Department that every effort would be made to hurry troops abroad and that plans for thorough training here would be abandoned. Soldiers who had been in camps and cantonments for six months, they said, would be sent to Europe and would get finishing training in France behind the lines, or in England.

Plans for carrying out this program, it was said, would be presented shortly, and the one big question, the size of the army would be decided. It may be necessary to increase the age limit for the drafted army and to adopt means that had been thought unnecessary by Secretary Baker before his visit abroad. The question of the size of the army to be provided by extending the age limit has awaited the return of Secretary Baker, who promised, in appearing before the comm'tee last week, to make his recommendations on this and other vital subjects next week.

The supreme question before the allied army commanders is increased man-power, mostly infantry, experts say, and the United States is expected to supply more fighting men within the least possible time. The question of man-power is acute. Lloyd George frankly told the House of Commons that America must place more men in the field, and that the age limit of the draft in England must be increased. Conscription in Ireland is to be resorted to, and all allied nations are doing their utmost in the direction of increasing their armies. What Britain has decided to do, it was contended by Congressmen, must be done in the United States—the drafted army increased by raising the age limit.

JUGOSLAVS ARE ANGRY.

Accuse Teutons and Magyars of Prolonging the War.

LONDON, April 30.—Further particulars of the great meeting recently held at Prague to protest against Count Czernin's denunciation of Prof. Masaryk and other Czech leaders, have been received by Reuter's Limited. The meeting was attended by all the Czech deputies of both Parliaments and the Diet, the Bohemian representatives of the Czech University and Academy and by workmen and peasants.

The Jugoslavs were represented by 24 deputies, including their president Dr. Korosec, and Deputy Kresic as the official representative of the Serbo-Croatian coalition. The Polish Club sent a message of sympathy.

The meeting was opened by the president of the Bohemian Union, Deputy Stanek, who declared that the gathering was a new manifestation of the desire of the whole Czechoslovak nation for independence. He charged "the German feudal Czernin" with attempting to deceive the world about the unanimity of the Czechs and denounced the Germans and Magyars as being guilty of provoking and prolonging the war by their imperialistic desires and their refusal to give the Slavs independence.

The Croatian deputy, Dr. Pavicic, speaking in the name of the Jugoslavs, promised fidelity to the Czechs as their brothers.

CHINA NOW IMPOTENT

Government Ceases to Control Its Own Affairs.

Japan Will Look After Police, Dock-yards, arsenals and Finance for Big Neighbor, But Claim That Their Action Is Only War-time Measure—Difficult Situation Has Been Created.

SHANGHAI, April 30.—The statement is made in the first issue of the Shanghai Gazette which has made its appearance under the editorship of Eugene Chen, that the Chinese Government has agreed to new demands made by Japan, which are of such a nature that the country has virtually been turned over to the Japanese. The Gazette asserts it has been informed by a high official at Pekin that the Japanese demands are far more serious than those in group V of the famous 21 demands made by Japan in 1915.

"Notwithstanding the fact that the utmost secrecy is being observed," says the Gazette, "it may be stated safely that the following is not far from the true terms of the agreement:

"Chinese expeditionary forces sent to Siberia shall be commanded by a Japanese.

"Chinese police shall be organized by Japanese officers.

"Japan shall have the privilege of working mines in all parts of China.

"Special provisions shall be granted to Japan in outer and inner Mongolia and the whole of Manchuria.

"Other articles include provisions for financial control and educational assistance."

A despatch filed in Pekin on April 4 said it was reported there that Japan had submitted a new series of demands to China, including complete control of China's finances, the purchase of 50 per cent. of China's ammunition in Japan, operation of Chinese iron mines and dockyards under Japanese control, and recognition of special Japanese interests in Mongolia, as in Manchuria.

Eugene Chen, an Anglicized Chinaman, formerly was editor of the Pekin Gazette, in which he carried on a campaign against Japanese influence in China, denouncing the Chinese Government on the ground that it was yielding to Japanese influence and "selling out China."

A year ago he was arrested in Pekin after his paper had published an article to the effect that the Premier had been carrying on secret negotiations with the Japanese for a loan.

For the purpose of ending sensational speculation on the diplomatic situation between Japan and China in the Chinese press the Japanese Government has authorized the following statement:

"The existing negotiations between China and Japan are intended to refer solely to co-operation against the enemy. The agreement will become invalid as soon as the European war is terminated without infringing upon the political or territorial integrity of China."

"The negotiations are progressing and the agreement will be turned over to the Foreign Office for final examination in the course of a few days."

TEUTON WARSHIPS FLED.

British Were Outnumbered, But Chased the Enemy.

LONDON, April 30.—In the en-

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, April 30.—The Board of Trade quotations for yesterday are as follows:

Manitoba Wheat (in Store, Fort William, including 2½c Tax).

No. 1 northern, \$2.23½c.
No. 2 northern, \$2.20½c.
No. 3 northern, \$2.17½c.
No. 4 wheat, \$2.10½c.

Manitoba Oats (in Store, Fort William).

No. 2 C.W., 86½c.
No. 3 C.W., 83½c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 83½c.

No. 1 feed, 80½c.
American Corn (Track, Toronto).

No. 3 yellow, kiln-dried, \$1.90, nominal.
No. 4 yellow, kiln-dried, \$1.85, nominal.

Ontario Oats (According to Freights Out-side).

No. 2 white, 90 to 91c, nominal.
No. 3 white, 89 to 90c, nominal.

Ontario Wheat (Basis in Store, Montreal).

No. 2 winter, per car lot, \$2.22.
Pear (According to Freights Outside).

No. 2, nominal.

Barley (According to Freights Outside).

Malting, \$1.52 to \$1.53.

Buckwheat (According to Freights Out-side).

Buckwheat, \$1.84 to \$1.86.

Rye (According to Freights Outside).

No. 2, \$2.65.

Manitoba Flour (Toronto).

War quality, \$11.10.

Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment).

War quality, \$10.80, in bags, Montreal; \$10.80, in bags, Toronto.

Milfied (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal, Freights, Bags included).

Bran, per ton, \$35.40.

Shorts, per ton, \$40.40.

Hay (Track, Toronto).

No. 1, per ton, \$17 to \$18.

Mixed, per ton, \$14 to \$16.

Straw (Track, Toronto).

Car lots, per ton, \$8.50 to \$9.

Farmers' Market.

Field wheat—Millings, \$2.12 per bushel.
Goose wheat—\$2.10 to \$2.12 per bushel.

Barley—Malting, \$1.50 per bushel.

Oats—96c to 98c per bushel.

Buckwheat—\$1.85 per bushel.

Hay—According to sample, nominal.

Hay—Timothy, \$20 to \$23 per ton; mix-

ed and clover, \$18 to \$20 per ton.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

Winnipeg, April 29.—There was little interest in the cash oats market today, with no demand and no offerings. There was a fair demand for cash barley, with offerings light. Cash flax was unchanged from yesterday.

Oats closed 2c lower for May and 1½c lower for July. Barley closed 1¾c lower for May. Flax closed 3½c lower for May and 9¾c lower for July.

Winnipeg market: Oats—May, 89½c to 89¾c; July, 87½c to 87¾c.

Barley—Not quoted.

Flax—May, \$3.88; July, \$3.88.

Cash prices: Oats—No. 2 C.W., 86¾c; No. 3 C.W., 83½c; extra No. 1 feed, 83½c; No. 1 feed, 80½c.

Barley—No. 3, \$1.50; No. 4, \$1.45; re- graded, \$1.20.

Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., \$3.78; No. 2 C.W., \$3.74; No. 3 C.W., \$3.53.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 26.—Beef, extra India mess, 370s.

Pork, prime mess, western, 330s.

Flams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., \$127s.

Bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 152s.

Clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 180s.

Long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 180s.

Long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 150s.

Short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 157s.

Shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., 128s.

Lard, prime western, in tierces, 149s 6d; American refined, pails, 152s; do., boxes, 150s.

Tallow, Australian in London, 72s.

Turpentine spirits, 125s.

Rosin, common, 64s 6d.

Petroleum, refined, 1s 6d.

Linseed oil, 62s.

Cottonseed oil, 68s 6d.

War kerosene, No. 2, 1s 2¾d.

Gasoline, 1s 2¾d.

this salient in the German front is expected soon, however, for tands as a constant menace to a her advance by the enemy.

long the front in the Somme section there has been little fighting of.

Further south there have been

patrol encounters.

The enemy infantry attack developed over a wide front, extending north of Voormezeele nearly to Armentières. The strategic object was a crab-claw movement converging upon the chain of hills and Mont Chats. This front is held by the French in the centre and our divisions on the flanks.

The enemy's failure to advance at first undoubtedly influenced him to resort to crushing tactics, but the so far is eminently satisfactory.

The infantry attacked at 6 o'clock, in an attempt to advance towards Armentières. This was completely successful at first. During the morning battle extended above Voormezeele. Although Ypres is not yet attacked, the battle has extended to. An enemy reconnaissance in the direction of the Belgians was

held.

Everywhere on the battle front terrible punishment is being inflicted on the enemy, who has thrown in his sons with lavish disregard for sacrifices. Once again he is paying the full price for no result.

The Germans, realizing that they are making no progress, modified their crab-claw idea and the fighting sloped into a more direct attack against Scherpenberg and Mont Rouge. The Germans are

making intense use of their great

artillery strength, but the French divisions on the hills have splendid cover. Their 75's and our field guns answerably reply. The air is full of planes, mostly observing.

It is abundantly clear that the story when told will be all to credit of Franco-British arms. The battle is not yet over, but for an hour which has been in progress for more than eight hours without making way, it is not premature to say

it has failed. The German army is weaker by many thousands than they have been fighting all day in open, while the Franco-British army anywhere left their prepared

positions.

Chasing the Hun.

ONDON, April 30. — Reporting

operations in the East African battle zone, an official statement was made yesterday by the War Office.

The advance of British and Portuguese forces that are pursuing the German forces which crossed the German-East African border into Mozambique, is proceeding under favorable weather conditions.

Turks Take Kars Fortress.

ONSTANTINOPLE, April 30. —

Turkish official communication

ed yesterday says:

We have occupied the fortress of

and captured 860 guns.

John Gaitan, ex-M.P.P. of Parry

is dead.

French Senator Dead.

ARIS, April 30. — Senator Emil

Carre was dead. He was the last

of the 25 senators nominated

life by the Senate under the constitution of 1875. The senator was at Dieppe in 1828.

Original Firsts, now home in

into on furlough, decided to form

ib.

is estimated that five thousand

between the ages of 20-22 will

with the colors by May 15 from

the district.

gathering was a new manifestation of the desire of the whole Czechoslovak nation for independence. He charged "the German feudal Czernin" with attempting to deceive the world about the unanimity of the Czechs and denounced the Germans and Magyars as being guilty of provoking and prolonging the war by their imperialistic desires and their refusal to give the Slavs independence.

The Croatian deputy, Dr. Pavicic, speaking in the name of the Jugoslavs, promised fidelity to the Czechs as their brothers.

Preferred Death to Repatriation.

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man, April 30. — Frederick Brandauer, a wealthy pen manufacturer, has committed suicide in a German detention camp rather than return to Germany. Brandauer had lived in England for thirty years, but his naturalization had lapsed.

In a letter to the camp commander he said that the agonies of death would be nothing to what he would suffer if he submitted to repatriation, which the Government proposed.

New Irish Secretary.

LONDON, April 30. — Edward Shortt, member of the House of Commons for Newcastle-on-Tyne, has been appointed Chief Secretary for Ireland to succeed Henry Edward Duke, who has held that post since August, 1916.

Edward Shortt is a Liberal, born in 1862. He married in 1890 the daughter of the late A. G. Scott of Valparaiso.

Total of German Missing.

AMSTERDAM, April 30. — Speaking before the Main Committee of the German Reichstag on Friday, according to Vorwärts, Gen. von Risberg stated that on March 31st the number of German missing had reached a total of 664,104. Of this number, he said, 236,676 were prisoners in France, 119,000 in England, 157,000 in Russia and Roumania, and the remainder could be regarded as dead.

Gold on Shuttle Island.

PRINCE RUPERT, B.C., April 30. — There is quite a flurry of excitement at Shuttle Island, Dawson Sound, Queen Charlotte Islands, over some new gold discoveries. Many men employed in the lumbering trades are quitting their positions to stake claims.

Toronto Flyer Has Brave Record.

LONDON, April 30. — Flight Lieut. A. T. Whealy, Naval Air Service, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Cross for plucky attacks on troops in transport and for bringing down many machines. He is a son of Mr. J. S. A. Whealy, of 100 Duncan road, Toronto.

men in the Toronto military district last week.

Seventeen tons of food are destroyed at Toronto incinerators.

Motorists will be prevented from using glaring headlights, in accordance with a clause in the Ontario Highway Act.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

is terminated without infringing upon the political or territorial integrity of China.

The negotiations are progressing and the agreement will be turned over to the Foreign Office for final examination in the course of a few days."

TEUTON WARSHIPS FLED.

British Were Outnumbered, But Chased the Enemy.

LONDON, April 30. — In the engagement of allied and Austrian light sea forces in the Adriatic on April 22 the British lost seven men killed and 19 wounded, the Admiralty reports. Two British destroyers, which for a time fought five Austrian destroyers, were damaged only slightly. (The official Austrian account of the engagement, issued Friday, said one British destroyer was damaged seriously.) The announcement follows:

"On April 22 five Austrian destroyers were encountered and engaged by two of our destroyers in the Adriatic. The enemy fled for shelter to the fortified point of Durazzo, pursued by our destroyers, which had been reinforced by five British and one French destroyer. The chase continued until after midnight, when touch with the enemy was lost.

"Our two destroyers which engaged this very superior enemy force received only minor damages. Our total casualties were seven killed and fifteen wounded. It is not known what damage was sustained by the enemy.

"On the following day Durazzo was attacked by British air forces.

"The only man-of-war in the harbor was one gunboat. Our machines attacked the seaplane base, dropping nearly a ton of bombs with apparently successful results. All our machines returned safely to their bases."

Civic Employes Enforce Demands.

VANCOUVER, April 30. — Members of the Civic Employes' Union, following the ultimatum presented to the City Council last Tuesday, automatically ceased work at noon Saturday to enforce their demands for an increase in wages of 25c a day. They number about 300 men.

Bolshevik Retires.

WASHINGTON, April 30. — Swedish press reports received here yesterday say the Bolshevik forces in the Crimea again are retiring before the Germans, but are offering stubborn resistance. They are being reinforced by sailors from the Black Sea fleet.

British Occupy Railway.

LONDON, April 30. — Arab forces, co-operating with the British, have occupied 53 miles of the Hedjaz Railway south of Makkah, according to an official report received from Gen. Allenby. Makkah is 75 miles south of Jerusalem.

The advertising of the Victory Loan cost \$207,093, of which \$164,519 went to newspapers and magazines.

Schools for Farmers.

In the course of an address before the Arts and Letters Club of Ottawa, the Hon. Sidney Fisher, who was a Cabinet Minister during the last Laurier regime, said, speaking as a farmer, that "we must see to it that a goodly number of equipped schools be established in the different farming sections of the country, in order that men equipped for the farm shall be available, and not have the farmers depend on unskilled labor. Most people suppose that anyone can work on the farm, but the plain fact is that it takes a man skilled in several lines to be a good farmer."

Linseed oil, 62s.
Cottonseed oil, 68s 6d.
War kerosene, No. 2, 1s 2½d.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 30. — Monday's trading on the Union Stock Yards was marked by a strong demand and an active market for all classes of butcher cattle, which sold up to 25 to 40c higher than last Monday's best prices, and to steady to strong with the close of the week, with prices possibly fractionally higher than even Thursday's quotations, and higher than at any time this season; in fact, it was the best market on record at the Union Stock Yards.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 29. — Cattle—Receipts, 15,000. Strong; beefs, \$10.15 to \$17.60; stockers and feeders, \$8.35 to \$12.40; cows and heifers, \$6.85 to \$13.90; calves, \$7.50 to \$13.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 43,000. Unsettled; light, \$17.25 to \$17.75; mixed, \$16.30 to \$17.75; heavy, \$16.10 to \$17.50; rough, \$16.10 to \$16.60; pigs, \$13.25 to \$17.35; bulk of sales, \$17.20 to \$17.65.

Sheep—Receipts, 14,000. Weak; native, \$12.75 to \$16.85; lambs, native, \$15.75 to \$21.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, April 29. — Cattle—Receipts, 5,400. Slow and easier; prime steers, \$16.50 to \$16.75; a few \$17; shipping steers, \$16 to \$16.25; butchers, \$11.75 to \$15.75; yearlings, \$13 to \$15.50; heifers, \$10 to \$14; cows, \$6.50 to \$12; bulls, \$7.50 to \$12; stockers and feeders, \$7.50 to \$11; fresh cows and springers, \$6.50 to \$14.00.

Calves—Receipts, 2,800. Steady; \$7 to \$14.50.

Appeals to Pope.

ROME, April 30. — News has reached the Vatican that the menacing political complications in Austria are due to a widespread agitation of the Jugoslavs and Czechs, who are bent on resorting to systematic obstructionism with the object of weakening the national resistance.

It is reliably reported that Emperor Charles has solicited the Pope's intervention to dissuade the clergy from participating in the agitation.

Battalion Colors Deposited Sunday.

BELLEVILLE, April 30. — The colors of the 80th Battalion, which was enlisted in Hastings County, were deposited in St. Thomas' Church. The colors were taken over to England and recently returned. Col. W. G. Ketcheson was the commanding officer and the beautiful colors were the gift of the Ketcheson family of this district.

Machine Opens Letters.

With the whole tendency of modern business toward centralization, to say nothing of the enormous growth of the mail order houses, the daily mail problem is a gigantic one to the efficiency experts. A new machine has been put on the market to open letters which is said to break all previous records. It does the work by shaving off an exceedingly thin slice of the edge of each envelope, hardly thicker than the paper itself. It is impossible to cut an inclosure by this method. The chief feature of the machine is its speed. In a recent test run it opened nine thousand letters an hour for an eight-hour stretch.—Emporia Gazette.

A Free Buffet.

No fewer than 1,400,000 soldiers and sailors passing through London on their way to or from the front have received a meal at Lady Llanerick's free buffet at London bridge station. Since May, 1915, fighting men, including many wounded and convalescent, have never asked in vain for refreshment. Funds are now running low, and the people are asked to help in supplying the little comforts that are offered at London bridge.

Nearer to the Boys

An Interview with Ralph Connor

By PETER McARTHUR

When I was told that if I went to a certain office at a certain hour, I would have the pleasure of meeting the Rev. Charles W. Gordon (Ralph Connor), I accepted with joy. I wanted to meet him for two reasons. I wanted to meet him because he is our most distinguished Canadian novelist, and also because in my boyhood I wriggled on hard, uncompromising benches, listening to the same stern ministers that he "sat under." I had listened to them in both Gaelic and English, and wondered if he would have a fellow-feeling for one who had gone through the same boyish experiences. As my eagerness had brought me early to the place of appointment, I had a few minutes to wait, and fell to wondering what he would be like. Unconsciously I associated him with those old-time Free Kirk ministers and wondered if he would be like the Rev. John Ross, of Brucefield, or the Rev. Lachlan MacPherson, of East Williams. So my surprise was complete when a brisk man in khaki uniform stepped into the room. He did not look enough like those old ministers to make my heart come into my mouth with terror as I faced him. Neither did he look enough like a military martinet to make me click my heels together and come to "attention." And there was absolutely nothing to suggest the producer of "best sellers." It took less than a minute to discover that "Ralph Connor" is, first of all, a fellow-human being, who is ready to take a glance at anything from any man's point of view.

A reference to the old ministers gave us an instant point of contact, and with much laughter—kindly and reverent—but still laughter—we compared notes and exchanged reminiscences of the good men who made the Scotch settlements where we had both been brought up, the places of stern discipline we remembered so well. The hour that had been promised to me was gone and part of another hour with it, before I remembered that the man who arranged the meeting had not done it out of pure kindness. He wanted me to interview Ralph Connor about the war work of the Y.M.C.A. By the time I remembered my duty we had reached a point where I felt that I could ask him about it from a rather daring point of view. I began with a straight question:

"What do you think of the work of the Y.M.C.A. in the war?"

He hunched his shoulders slightly and slipped down a trifle in his chair. From the expression on his face I was afraid that he was going to offer an unfavorable criticism. But his answer made it clear that that was not what disturbed him:

"It is doing a lot of work that the church should be doing."

Now you can understand why my question caused him a shade of discomfort. The minister in him—a touch of the old Free Kirk spiritual guide that made him feel the responsibilities of his calling—made him regret to confess that a purely lay institution is carrying practical Christianity to a point that is as yet impossible for the churches—"beating them to it," as the soldier boys would say.

"Don't misunderstand me," he protested. "The churches and their chaplains are doing a wonderful work, but the Y.M.C.A., being without a propaganda or dogmas, is able to adapt itself instantly to any needs that may arise, either at the battle-front or wherever the boys may be located. It meets them at all hours and in all places with a spirit of good cheer, comfort and helpfulness."

High Command had something of the attitude you suggest. But whenever there was anything to be done to help the boys the Y.M.C.A. was there to do it and do it well. By its spirit of unassuming helpfulness the Y.M.C.A. has won the hearts of both the officers and men, no matter what their church connections may be or may not be. It gives and it does not ask anything in return. Its sole reward is that it helps freely all who need help. The thing to emphasize about its work is that it gives—it is an organized spirit of giving, and it gives without a string to the giving."



RALPH CONNOR

"But I often hear comments, not always friendly—about the prices that the Y.M.C.A. charges for some of its supplies."

"Such comments have no justification. The prices are as near right as they can be made. If there is any profit on the sales to the boys in the camps or back of the lines, every cent of it goes to provide things free—absolutely free—to those who are in the front line trenches. As a matter of fact, the canteens and other organizations under the control of the churches and chaplains have pretty much the same schedule of prices as the Y.M.C.A."

I could not suppress a smile at finding my ancient enemy the trust or "Gentleman's Agreement" appearing in so admirable a form. But I made no comment. Instead, I asked a concluding question:

"Then I may tell the people that in its war work, especially in the matter of creature comforts, the Y.M.C.A. is nearer to the boys than anyone else?"

"Yes. It stands nearer to them than anything else except the military organization under whose discipline they live—and die. You see they are specially

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.

Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be up from my bed, and I was unable to do my housework. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. BINZER, Black River Falls, Wis.

It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binzer that has made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial. And for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

BEES IN THE SPRINGTIME

Fine Weather Necessary When They Are Taken From Cellar.

PAINFUL DISEASE CURED

Interesting Information for Dairymen Regarding Success In New Treatments for Inflammation of Udder—Late Spring Suggestion For the Farmer.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE arrival of spring brings up the question, "When and how shall I set my bees out of the Cellar?" to the minds of all farmer beekeepers. The answer calls for judgment on the part of each beekeeper. The factors which must take a part in forming correct judgment are (1) the cellar, (2) the bees, and (3) the season.

The ideal cellar will permit the beekeeper to keep his bees confined much longer than will an unfavorable cellar. This is desirable. A large, dry, dark, easily regulated and ventilated cellar when the temperature can be maintained at 45 degrees Fahr. is ideal. Very few Ontario farm cellars will meet these requirements, however, so that the weather conditions play a more prominent part in the farmer-beekeeper's decision.

As a rule, the farmer-beekeeper will do well to carefully select opportunity weather and to give the colony some protection after setting out. Watch the weather forecasts closely, and when the wind gets around to the south and east, with a prospect for rain on the horizon, start in the

PROFIT IN FLAX CRO

Demand for Aeroplane Win Stimulates Production.

BOYS WILL AID THE FARMER

Seasonable Hints for the Fruit-grower and Agriculturalist—Information About the Work That Has Been Done to Secure Lads to a Production.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

FLAX fibre is absolutely necessary for the construction of aeroplane wings. Yet because of Russia's defection, Great Britain has not now more fibre in hand than is sufficient to keep 10 mills running one and a half days a week. To further complicate matters the flax seed crop in Ireland is perilously near a failure last year.

These vital facts were disclosed recently at a meeting in Toronto, the Agricultural Section of the Organization of Resources Committee of Ontario, called to discuss the situation. Evidence was also given regarding what Ontario already had done to relieve the shortage. In 1933 thirty-three flax mills were operating, 6,000 acres were planted and 2,600,000 pounds of fibre and 45,000 bushels of seed were produced. O flax business last year had a total value of \$2,000,000. Moreover, the seed produced will accomplish a mission abroad, as a large part of it has been shipped to Ireland to meet the great seed deficiency there.

8,000 Acres at Least This Year.

Already flax growers are planning an 8,000-acre production, at least for this year. Each of the mills is in the market for all the straw and seed that can be secured and good prices are assured the grower. The arrangements made in the past have, for the most part, provided for the leasing of flax land by the mill at a rental of from \$10 to \$15 an acre. The grower ploughed the land, prepared the seed bed and hauled the crop to the mill—except when the crop was carried on the railroad. The mill operator supplied the seed, often did the seeding, and harvested the crop. The flax was pulled by hand and the workers were housed in tents. Their transportation was paid by the mill company, a they received \$15 an acre for pulling. It took a first-class puller three days to finish an acre. As the workers prepared their own meals, the growers were in no way inconvenienced by having them on the farms.

Flax a Highly Profitable Crop.

While this system is still followed almost entirely, farmers may profitably grow flax, doing all the work and selling the crop outright to the mills. An acre of good flax will produce some nine bushels of seed and two tons of straw. The seed is now for from \$7 to \$9 a bushel, while the price of straw will be dependent upon quality. In case labor conditions prevent the pulling of flax crop may be harvested with a binder the seed sold at a remunerative price and the straw at about \$15 a ton.

Old sod land is preferred for flax and any soil which will produce a good crop of oats will be suitable. Wireworms and white grubs, so destructive to other crops, will not attack flax. The seed should be planted not later than May 10th and

tical Christianity to a point that is as yet impossible for the churches—"beating them to it," as the soldier boys would say.

"Don't misunderstand me," he protested. "The churches and their chaplains are doing a wonderful work, but the Y.M.C.A., being without a propaganda or dogmas, is able to adapt itself instantly to any needs that may arise, either at the battle-front or wherever the boys may be located. It meets them at all hours and in all places with a spirit of good cheer, comfort and helpfulness."

"Then you are of the opinion that the man who supports the war work of his church is not doing all he can to help the boys?"

"Assuredly. The Y.M.C.A. is able to go a little farther. Though the work of the church may be nearer to the ideal of what I want to see done, the Y.M.C.A. gets nearer to the boys."

That struck me as a very important point, and I decided to question him from an angle that might not be pleasing to a clergyman.

"You know," I insinuated, in a spirit of half confession, "that there are a lot of boys who would be inclined to look at a Y.M.C.A. at home as a sort of sissified institution, beneath the notice of young men of the world who like to affect a sort of manly wildness. Does the Y.M.C.A. get near to them?"

"Yes. The helpfulness of the Y.M.C.A. has won out, over every obstacle. In the beginning, the officers of the

Y.M.C.A."

I could not suppress a smile at finding my ancient enemy the trust or "Gentleman's Agreement" appearing in so admirable a form. But I made no comment. Instead, I asked a concluding question:

"Then I may tell the people that in its war work, especially in the matter of creature comforts, the Y.M.C.A. is nearer to the boys than anyone else?"

"Yes. It stands nearer to them than anything else except the military organization under whose discipline they live—and die. You see they are specially organized, trained and outfitted for this kind of work—and they are a mighty spiritual force, too."

When leaving him, I stopped to talk to several other clergymen who appeared in the offing—it was a place of clergymen—and he stepped from the room. Shortly afterwards he returned with a copy of his latest book, on the fly-leaf of which he had written in memory of the men we had known in our boyhood:

"There were giants in those days."

It will be cherished as one of the most prized of a little collection of autographed first editions. And with it I shall cherish the memory of having spent a couple of hours with a well-known man who is doing a noble work himself and is not afraid to give the fullest credit to other men who are doing a noble work—such as the officers and field-workers of the Y.M.C.A., "who play such a great forwardline to the Church's backing in the great, great game," as Connor said.

lated cellar when the temperature can be maintained at 45 degrees Fahr. is ideal. Very few Ontario farm cellars will meet these requirements, however, so that the weather conditions play a more prominent part in the farmer-beekeeper's decision.

As a rule, the farmer-beekeeper will do well to carefully select opportunity weather and to give the colony some protection after setting out. Watch the weather forecasts closely and when the wind gets around to the south and east, with a prospect for rain on the morrow, start in the evening and move out all if possible. Contract all entrances to suit size of colony, giving strong colonies approximately $\frac{1}{8}$ in. by 2 in. and arrange a cushion of straw (6 to 8 inches thick at least) over the brood chamber. It pays to pack the sides as well, especially in the northern sections of Ontario. Special packing cases of $\frac{1}{8}$ in. material are made for this purpose, giving 3 to 4 inches packing room. The shock to brood rearing is very much reduced by packing and colonies therefore build up more rapidly.—W. A. Weir, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ontario.

and two tons of straw. The seed is now for from \$7 to \$9 a bushel, when the price of straw will be dependent upon quality. In case labor conditions prevent the pulling of flax, a crop may be harvested with a bind the seed sold at a remunerative price and the straw at about \$15 a ton.

Old sod land is preferred for and any soil which will produce good crop of oats will be suitable. Wireworms and white grubs, so destructive to other crops, will not attack flax. The seed should be planted not later than May 10th and the crop is harvested during the middle of July; thus the soil is left in excellent condition for winter wheat. Thorough discing, without ploughing, is sufficient preparation for wheat crop. The fear that flax particularly hard on the land is unfounded, as it does not take more from it than any ordinary field crop.

Fifteen Thousand Boys for Ontario Farms.

In 1916 and 1917 the Department of Education made regulations which permitted students to leave school April, provided that their term work was satisfactory, for the purpose of engaging in farm work. They spent three months or more on a farm, they were given their school standing without passing the customary promotion examinations.

When the students had responded to the Government's appeal and volunteered in thousands for work which they realized to be of such importance, there remained the problem of putting each individual applicant for work in touch with a farmer who desired assistance. This was accomplished through the Ontario Government System of Public Employment Bureau in cases where the students were unable to make their own arrangements. A minimum wage of \$15 per month was set, but the farmers soon realized the value of the students' labor, and offered as high as \$35 per month. The average wage paid was \$18.

It is expected that 15,000 boys between the ages of 14 and 19 will be available this spring for farm work in the province. The minimum wage this year will be \$15 per month, with board. It is hoped that every farmer who can make use of the services of a High School boy will make each application through the District Representative in order that he may not be disappointed. There are over 150,000 farmers in Ontario, and over 15,000 boys to go round, so the farmer will be the one who speaks quickly.—Dr. W. A. Riddell, Ontario Labor Bureau.

Live Stock Reminders.

A regular and ample supply of straw will always be found helpful in promoting the thrift of live stock.

When pasture is provided for, much less concentrated food is required. In view of the present late shortage pasture will be particularly valuable this year.

Mares worked previous to foaling will perform a good deal of work and the result will be stronger for than with idle mares.

If pasture is allowed to get a go start it will carry more stock than if eaten bare from the start.—Ontario Agricultural College Notes.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

FOR APIARY BEGINNER

Description of the Equipment Required to Insure Success.

CLUBS FOR THE FARMERS

Outline a Summer Program Now and Have Everything Well Organized—The Club Picnic Is a Very Successful Feature of the Year's Work.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

EXTRACTED honey production is the most satisfactory for beginners. Start with three colonies and sufficient equipment and then make the bees pay their way. One colony does not give the beginner an opportunity to right mistakes or accidents profitably. Three colonies can be managed by devoting one evening weekly to the apiary.

Avoid many troublesome pitfalls by starting with the right hive. The 10 fr. Langstroth hive has given the best satisfaction in Ontario. All beekeepers' supply houses carry this hive and its parts in their regular stock. Buy your first hives from a good manufacturer. It is very necessary to have all hive parts interchangeable so that they may be used in any colony in the apiary. Uniformity and accurate workmanship alone can ensure this need.

One complete 10 fr. Langstroth hive consists of:

- (1) A bottom board.
- (2) A hive body with self spacing frames and wire.
- (3) A telescoping metal roof cover.

In addition the beginner should provide for each colony one queen excluder; two extra hive-bodies complete with frames; and 7 lbs. of medium brood foundation, which runs 6 sheets to the lb., to fill the

frames with a guide and foundation for the future combs.

It is advisable to commence with a 2-lb. package of bees and queen; a swarm or a nucleus. Less danger from disease attends the buying of pound packages than the buying of swarms and nuclei. Pound packages may be secured for delivery from May 1st to June 30th. Early packages will yield a surplus if carefully handled. Enquire of the Provincial Apiaist re disease in your locality before buying swarms, nuclei or colonies.

The accessory equipment for the beginner should consist of:

- (1) A veil of black cotton tulle.
- (2) A standard bee smoker.
- (3) A hive tool.
- (4) A spur wheel wire embedder.
- (5) An uncapping knife.
- (6) An uncapping box.

(7) A complete set of Department literature, Bulletins 213, 233 and 256, and a good reference bee book.

(8) A small honey extractor.

With the exception of Nos. 6, 7 and 8, it is advisable to acquire the material needed from a supply firm at once. The uncapping box can be made at home, and the beginner could probably co-operate with another beekeeper in securing the use of an extractor. With the increase of colonies to ten, it would then be advisable to provide a storage can to assist in handling the crop.—W. A. Weir, Ontario Agricultural College.

BUILD A FISH POND

At little expense a great many farms are so situated that fish ponds may be constructed, and with the help of the fish commission at Washington these ponds can be stocked with the choicest table fish.

With some little care a bountiful supply of meat products may be secured from this source. Every fish eaten is that much gain in solving the present problem of living. The food products of the land are conserved by eating those of the streams.

Local treatment consists in applying heat to the udder, either by keeping hot poultices to it or by long continued and frequently repeated bathing with hot water. Poultices can be applied by using a piece of cloth or canvas, with hole cut for the protrusion of the teats and fastening it by strings or straps over the hips and loins. The application of poultices of the proprietary preparation known as "antiphlogistine" gives good results. The fluid should be drawn from each quarter 4 or 5 times daily and after each milking the udder should be well massaged and rubbed with camphorated oil, where this oil cannot be readily obtained its substitution by goose-grease gives good results.—J. H. R., Ontario Agricultural College.

Get a Spray Calendar.

This is the time of year when spraying must command the attention of the fruit grower. Everyone should procure from the Department of Agriculture, a spray calendar in which directions are given for the spraying of all kinds of fruit trees and the preparation of the various insecticides and fungicides.—Ontario Agricultural College Notes.

PROFIT IN FLAX CROP

Demand for Aeroplane Wings
Stimulates Production.

BOYS WILL AID THE FARMERS

Seasonable Hints for the Fruit-grower
and Agriculturalist—Information
About the Work That Has Been
Done to Secure Lads to Aid
Production.

Contributed by Ontario Department of
Agriculture, Toronto.

FLAX fibre is absolutely necessary for the construction of aeroplane wings. Yet because of Russia's defection, Great Britain has not now more fibre on hand than is sufficient to keep the mills running one and a half days a week. To further complicate matters the flax seed crop in Ireland was seriously near a failure last year.

These vital facts were disclosed recently at a meeting in Toronto, of the Agricultural Section of the Organization of Resources Committee of Ontario, called to discuss the flax situation. Evidence was also given regarding what Ontario already had done to relieve the shortage. In 1917 thirty-three flax mills were operated, 1,000 acres were planted and 2,600,000 pounds of fibre and 45,000 bushels of seed were produced. Our lax business last year had a total value of \$2,000,000. Moreover, the seed produced will accomplish a vital mission abroad, as a large part of it has been shipped to Ireland to meet the great seed deficiency there.

8,000 Acres at Least This Year.

Already flax growers are planning in 8,000-acre production, at least, for this year. Each of the mills are in the market for all the straw and seed that can be secured and good prices are assured the grower. The arrangements made in the past have, for the most part, provided for the leasing of flax land by the mills at a rental of from \$10 to \$15 an acre. The grower ploughed the land, prepared the seed bed and hauled the crop to the mill—except where the crop was carried on the railroad. The mill operator supplied the seed, often did the seeding, and harvested the crop. The flax was pulled by hand and the workers were housed in the sides in tents. Their transportation was paid by the mill company and they received \$15 an acre for pulling. It took a first-class puller three days to finish an acre. As the workers prepared their own meals, the growers were in no way inconvenienced by having them on their farms.

Flax a Highly Profitable Crop.

While this system is still followed most entirely, farmers may very profitably grow flax, doing all the work and selling the crop outright to the mills. An acre of good flax will produce some nine bushels of seed and two tons of straw. The seed sells now for from \$7 to \$9 a bushel, while the price of straw will be dependent upon quality. In case labor conditions prevent the pulling of flax the crop may be harvested with a binder, the seed sold at a remunerative price, and the straw at about \$15 a ton.

Old sod land is preferred for flax and any soil which will produce a good crop of oats will be suitable. Fireworms and white grubs, so destructive to other crops, will not attack flax. The seed should be plant-

“Woe unto you that are full, for ye shall hunger.”

Luke 6: 25.

Not spiritually (although even the penalty of remorse may follow your neglect of this national warning) but ye shall hunger in the trying physical sense in which hunger now grips the peoples of Europe.

We know “it is difficult to talk to the belly which hath no ears,” and it is just as difficult to persuade a person who has a full dinner before him to-day that he may want for food next month.

But you may as well let this fact sink into your mind—the last people that Canada and the United States will allow to suffer for want of food are our fighting men, and if a sufficient exportable surplus of food cannot be raised and saved by voluntary efforts, then very drastic rationing measures will be enforced.

It may astonish you to learn that in 1917 Ontario did not grow enough wheat for its own needs. Consequently every Ontario farmer

whose land is suitable, has been urged to sow 5 acres more spring wheat this year so that Ontario's demand for wheat shall not be met at the expense of that portion of the Western crop that should more rightfully be shipped overseas.

For this same reason every householder who has a garden or a piece of vacant land is being urged to grow vegetables, because the more vegetables that are grown and eaten in Ontario, the less wheat and meat there will be consumed, and that being so, the Ontario wheat crop should then be sufficient to feed our own people, and leave more Western wheat and other foods available for export.

If you have not yet decided to plant a vegetable garden make up your mind to do so now. You will not regret it. There is still lots of time. Potatoes and beans may be planted up to June 1st and these are the best substitutes for wheat and meat.

For good, practical advice upon how to lay out and cultivate a Vegetable Garden, write for a free copy of the booklet entitled: “A Vegetable Garden for Every Home.” This has been prepared by the Ontario Department of Agriculture for the guidance of citizens who will respond to this call for increased production.

Mail

This Coupon

NOW 

Organization of Resources Committee,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto

Dear Sirs:

Please send me a copy of your booklet “A Vegetable Garden for Every Home.”

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ORGANIZATION OF RESOURCES COMMITTEE
In Co-Operation with Canada Food Board



ONTARIO

A Successful Farmers' Club.

The history of some farmers' associations in Ontario has been brief and filled with troubles. Others have built upon the rock and have endured. Why the difference?

Perhaps a very short story will explain the former case. A farmers' club, organized by a district representative, got away apparently to a

CROPS ARE INCREASED

Quicklime for Heavy Soils, Ground

Limestone for Light Soils.

SEPTIC TANK FOR THE FARM

toes are not all treated the same day it is advisable to make up fresh fertilizer for each day's work.

Corrosive sublimate (mercuric chloride) can also be used to treat potatoes to prevent scab. Soak the uncut tubers for three hours in a solution of 2 ounces of corrosive sublimate to 25 gallons of water. Corrosive sublimate is a deadly poison, and potatoes treated with it are

produce some nine bushels of seed and two tons of straw. The seed sells now for from \$7 to \$9 a bushel, while the price of straw will be dependent upon quality. In case labor conditions prevent the pulling of flax the crop may be harvested with a binder, the seed sold at a remunerative price, and the straw at about \$15 a ton.

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Fifteen Thousand Boys for Ontario Farms.

In 1916 and 1917 the Department of Education made regulations which permitted students to leave school in April, provided that their term's work was satisfactory, for the purpose of engaging in farm work. If they spent three months or more on a farm, they were given their school standing without passing the customary promotion examinations.

When the students had responded to the Government's appeal and had volunteered in thousands for the work which they realized to be of such importance, there remained the problem of putting each individual applicant for work in touch with a farmer who desired assistance. This was accomplished through the Ontario Government System of Public Employment Bureau in cases where the students were unable to make their own arrangements. A minimum wage of \$15 per month was set, but the farmers soon realized the value of the students' labor, and offered as high as \$35 per month. The average wage paid was \$18.

It is expected that 15,000 boys between the ages of 14 and 19 will be available this spring for farm work in the province. The minimum wage this year will be \$15 per month, with board. It is hoped that every farmer who can make use of the services of a High School boy will make early application through the District representative in order that he may not be disappointed. There are over 50,000 farmers in Ontario, and only 5,000 boys to go round, so the wise farmer will be the one who speaks quickly.—Dr. W. A. Riddell, Ontario Labor Bureau.

Live Stock Reminders.

A regular and ample supply of salt will always be found helpful in promoting the thrift of live stock.

When pasture is provided for pigs much less concentrated food is required. In view of the present labor shortage pasture will be particularly valuable this year.

Mares worked previous to foaling will perform a good deal of work and the result will be stronger foals than with idle mares.

If pasture is allowed to get a good start it will carry more stock than eaten bare from the start.—Ontario Agricultural College Notes.

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A Successful Farmers' Club.

The history of some farmers' associations in Ontario has been brief and filled with troubles. Others have built upon the rock and have endured. Why the difference?

Perhaps a very short story will explain the former case. A farmers' club, organized by a district representative, got away apparently to a good start, then halted uncertainly and finally died a lingering death from general debility. When asked to explain the reason the representative gave one—promptly and with emphasis.

"The club died because the farmers didn't want it. The members were easily persuaded to organize but never took any real interest in it—they were never really convinced that it was a vital necessity.

"So far I haven't heard any proposal to revive it either, and I don't intend to attempt to inject any artificial stimulation into it. When the farmers in that district are really 'sold' to the idea of the necessity of organization, then we'll be in a position to do some work."

That explains the first cause of most failures. Artificial stimulation serves to carry an invalid through a dangerous pass, but as a steady diet for a healthy body it is foredoomed to failure. A farmers' association must not be an invalid; when outside stimulation has to be given, it is a safe bet its days are numbered.

But many others have succeeded. Work—doing things—is the secret of their success. They make every member conscious of the value of organization in the community. The executives are enthusiastic, they have developed progressive policies and they work to make them successful. And work honestly undertaken and wisely directed will always make a club or association successful if it has the right kind of material to work with.

In the summer, the club ought not to be allowed to lose its grip. How about a herd testing scheme—has your club taken that up yet? Perhaps those members needing drainage can have surveys made of their fields, purchase tile co-operatively, secure a traction ditcher, and if need be, borrow provincial funds to pay a large part of the cost. Endless ways present themselves to make the farmers' association a real force in every month. Above all, don't forget the farmers' picnic—a little fun makes the work more efficient.—Justus Miller, Ontario Department of Agriculture.

To Eradicate Bad Weeds.

If troubled with mustard in grain crops, spray with the 20 p.c. solution of iron sulphate, (2 lbs. of iron sulphate to each gallon of water). If such spraying is to be effective it must be done early just when the first mustard plants in the field are coming into flower.

Good cultivation followed by rapsown about the middle of June in drills about 26 inches apart at the rate of 1½ pounds per acre, provides a means of eradicating perennial sow thistle and twitch grass.

Dairy Pointers for June.

Cows in clover or good June-grass pasture require very little attention. This is the ideal month for dairy operations. If there are any hot days, be careful to cool both milk and cream, by setting in ice water, or cold well water. Sour milk and cream are too frequently sent to the factory. Don't forget to wash the cream separator and strainer daily, or after each time of using.

CROPS ARE INCREASED

Quicklime for Heavy Soils, Ground Limestone for Light Soils.

SEPTIC TANK FOR THE FARM

Potatoes Should Be Treated This Year to Control Scab, as the Success of This Crop Is of the Utmost Importance in the Greater Production Campaign.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE soils in many parts of the province are so depleted of their lime that they are becoming sour or acid. This is an important fact as few, if any, of our farm crops can make their best growth on a soil carrying an insufficient supply of lime. This is especially true of leguminous plants and it is probable that the frequent "killing out" of clover during the first winter is due to lack of sufficient lime.

Lime acts in several ways. It neutralizes the acids formed in the soil through the decay of organic matter; it overcomes the tenacity of clay soils, binds sands together and thus improves the physical condition of both types of soil. Lime is not only an essential constituent of the food of plants, but it also tends to liberate plant food, especially potash, from the insoluble forms in the soil, bringing them into an available state. The micro-organisms that live on the roots of the nitrogen-gathering plants cannot work in an acid soil, nor can some other forms of organisms whose function it is to gather nitrogen.

It requires about two tons of ground limestone rock to be equal to one ton of quick lime, and the prices charged for them are in about the same proportion. Furthermore two tons of the former to one ton of the latter are about the right quantities to apply.

The ground limestone rock is safe on any land in almost any quantity, and may be applied at any time of the year. On heavy clay soils quick lime, slaked before applying, may give quicker results; but it should not be applied to light sandy soils. Few materials or fertilizers can have so many good things said about them as lime and none of them cost so little money. Try out a little yourself this year.—Prof. R. Harcourt, Ontario Agricultural College.

To Prevent Potato Scab.

For seed select smooth, sound potatoes, as free as possible from scab, and disinfect by soaking them before they are cut for two hours in a solution made by adding half a pint of commercial formalin to 15 gallons of water. A couple of barrels with plugs in the sides near the bottom can be used to advantage in treating the seed. The potatoes can be placed directly in the solution or first put in crates or coarse sacks and then immersed.

After treatment spread the potatoes out on a clean floor or on the grass to dry. Wash all crates, bags, etc., which are used in handling the potatoes with the formalin solution. The same formalin solution can be used to treat successive lots of potatoes. Fifteen gallons is sufficient to treat from 20 to 25 bushels if ordinary precautions are taken not to waste too much of the fluid as each lot of tubers is dipped. If the pota-

toes are not all treated the same day it is advisable to make up fresh formalin for each day's work.

Corrosive sublimate (mercuric chloride) can also be used to treat potatoes to prevent scab. Soak the uncut tubers for three hours in a solution of 2 ounces of corrosive sublimate to 25 gallons of water. Corrosive sublimate is a deadly poison, and potatoes treated with it are rendered unfit for food for man or beast.

Formalin is a clear liquid disinfectant. It is a 40 p.c. solution of formaldehyde gas and water. It can be purchased from almost any druggist. It is sold under the names of formalin and formaldehyde. It is important that the purchaser, whatever name he buys it under, secured a guaranteed solution of 40 p.c. formaldehyde.

If possible plant the treated seed potatoes on clean soil, that is soil that has not produced a crop of scab by potatoes. Practice a rotation of crops. If scab is very bad it is not advisable to plant potatoes on the same land oftener than once in five years. Heavy applications of barnyard manure should not be made to the potato crop, but if necessary given at some other point in the rotation. Plant potatoes after clover seed if possible. Avoid alkali fertilizers such as lime and wood ashes.—Prof. J. E. Howitt, Ontario Agricultural College.

Septic Tank for Sewage Disposal.

This system consists ordinarily of a two-chamber concrete, water-proof tank equipped with an inlet, overflow and vent pipe, and an automatic siphon for emptying the tank of the liquid sewage from time to time, and a system of tile, called the "absorption bed," consisting of several parallel rows of 3 or 4 in. land tile laid with open joints, almost level, and shallow, and branching off from a main line of sewer pipe which connects it to the tank. For the ordinary-sized home each tank should be about 3 ft. square and 3 ft. deep, and 150 to 200 feet of land tile would be required for the absorption bed. The vitrified sewer tile is best for the main and the number of them will depend upon the distance of the absorption bed from the tank.

If this system be properly installed it will dispose of sewage in a very satisfactory manner and without endangering the water supply. Complete plans in blue-print form for installing it may be secured for the writing from the Department of Physics, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.—R. R. Graham, B.S.A., Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ontario.

Threshing Gangs for Ontario.

Farmers are shorter of labor this year than they have ever been before. In many cases there may be but one man on a farm, assisted, perhaps, by a boy. It will be necessary, therefore, to economize labor in every way possible in order that this year's harvest may be taken off and the fall work completed in preparation for the 1919 crop.

While there are objections to the threshing gang in Ontario it is hoped to initiate the work on a reasonably large scale this year. The Ontario Department of Agriculture is making a study of the proposition as it affects the farmer, while the Ontario Labor Bureau has agreed to provide 5,000 men for threshing gangs if there is a demand for these. With suitable co-operation between the farm public of the province and the Provincial Department of Agriculture there should be no difficulty in organizing a large number of gangs this fall.



The TRAIL BLAZER to greater Motor Car Value

From the standpoint of dollar for dollar value there's not a car made which offers more for your money than the famous Chevrolet Four-Ninety A.

Before the Chevrolet was made in Canada, good cars were all high in price.

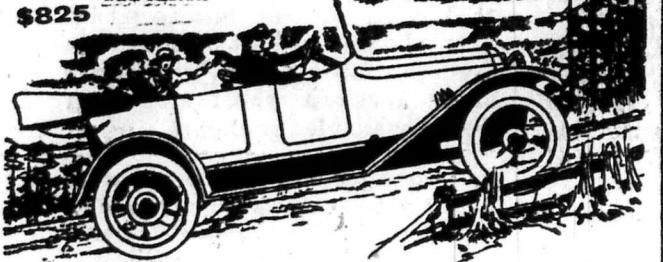
But our mammoth production and manufacturing efficiency enables us to sell the Chevrolet Four-Ninety A at a price much lower than its value when compared with other makes of cars.

With the surplus power developed by the famous valve-in-head motor the owner of a Four-Ninety A invariably is the "trail blazer."

Standard equipment includes speedometer, electric starting and lighting, ammeter, oil indicator light equipment, one man top, demountable rims, non-skid tires on rear wheels and many features usually looked for in cars much higher in price.

Chevrolet Four-Ninety A
L. & O. OSHAWA

\$825



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SEE THEM AT YOUR NEAREST DEALER

CHEVROLET MOTOR CO. of CANADA
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C. A. WISEMAN, - Dealer, Napanee

A tube of Rexall's Catarrh Jelly Wallace's Rat Strychnine will quickly relieve colds in the head, troy your rats and mice. For sale catarrh and hay fever—25c. at WAL. only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

IMPORTANT POINTS IN HATCHING CHICKENS.

During the hatching season the poultry house and particularly the nest should be kept clean. Clean water and a supply of whole grain should be accessible to the sitters and a dust bath should be provided also. If more than one hatch is being taken off, clean out and disinfect the nest after each hatch and put in new sod and fresh litter. Dust the hen with insect powder before putting her in the nest and again a day or two before leaving the nests with the chickens. It is a good plan to put into the dust bath a little dry sulphur or ground tobacco.

Be sure also that the house is free from mites. These little pests get into the cracks and corners of the building and at night, as the hens are resting, they come out of the hiding-place, get on the hen's body and it does not take very many of them to make a hen so uneasy that she cannot sit. In some cases the mites become so troublesome that they actually worry the hens to death.

HOW TO GET RID OF MITES.

Clean out the house and thoroughly sweep, not forgetting the windows, walls and ceiling. When this is all swept out clean, use a garden hose or a stiff brush and hot water. See that everything in the cracks and crevices is washed out. After this is done allow the house to dry for a while and if everything then appears to be clean, use a good disinfectant and be sure that the solution is forced by the spray or brush right into the cracks and crevices. If the mites are bad, use boiling hot water followed by coal oil and a liquid lice killer or lice paint. Be sure that this goes into the cracks and crevices and when you have gone over your house thoroughly according to the above treatment, in all probability the mites will be exterminated, but it is advisable in the course of three or four days again to inspect for the mites and perhaps to repeat the dose once more.

WALL PAPER.

We have the finest line of Wall Paper samples ever shown in Napanee. All prices. Quick delivery.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Market Square.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

YES! LIFT A CORN

OFF WITHOUT PAIN

Cincinnati authority tells how to lift up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoe that nearly killed you before, says the Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezezone applied directly on tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted out, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezezone cost very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or so corn or callus. This should be tried as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. It is fine stuff and acts like a charm even.

Just received a complete line of the latest Novels at prices ranging from 15c. to 25c. M. PIZZARIELLO on the Market Square.

An International League.

From Morocco to Walisch Bay t west coast of Africa has been t scene of a scramble between great Powers. Asiatic Turkey with t Bagdad railway is the shining pr at which Germany aims through t "Mittel Europa" scheme. Ea power has sought colonies a spheres of influence for the exsive benefit of its own business tress. What better way can be dvised to prevent the recurrence these "wars of steel and gold," Mr. Brailsford has termed the than by substituting for the rive economic ambitions of each peo an agreement for the economic a vantage of all? Let the great coloizing states follow the example the American States who ceded the western lands to the Confederate

France, Great Britain, Germany, Belgium, Italy, and Portugal would then vest in an international European Congress and its executive organs the title to practically t whole of Central Africa. The said Congress should assume the responsibility for the bankrupt concerns Turk and Persian. Russia, England, France, and Germany would th have the merit of yielding each selfish advantage, in order to come a European union and to promote t common welfare.

At once the European League Nations would become the administrator of a great public domain of t world. It would derive therefrom strength and importance at the moment almost incalculable. It would begin to strike roots, as under similar circumstances in North America into a sentiment of unity and allegiance in a new brotherhood States. It would establish complete freedom of trade for all nations throughout the whole extent of t common territory. It would naturally add to the administration of t new domain the responsibility of the neutralized straits, canals, and other waterways in the old world and for neutralized territories all.

The first administrators of t new territories should be chosen from peoples accustomed to self-government and not directly involved in the present war, Swiss, Dutch, and Scandinavians.—American Review





They Must Not Look in Vain!

AN officer was missing. His brother crept out and found him in a shell hole. He bore him back to the lines—dead. "Are you not sorry you ventured all this?" asked the commanding officer. "No", because when I found him he looked up into my face, smiled and said "I knew you would come!" What could more fittingly illustrate the work of the "big brother to the soldiers"—the Y.M.C.A.! No danger is too great to be risked for the sake of the physical, mental and spiritual welfare of those dauntless heroes of Ypres, St. Julien, Vimy Ridge, Passchendaele! Everywhere he goes the Y.M.C.A. follows—faithful to the limit of its resources.

Y.M.C.A.
Red Triangle Fund
\$2,250,000 May 7, 8, 9
Canada-Wide Appeal

Think of the inspiration to the Canadian soldiers in this tremendous Campaign of 1918 as they learn that the folks at home are heart and soul behind them, showing it by a magnificent response to the Red Triangle Fund appeal—the worth while way.

Help the Y.M.C.A. to increase its helpfulness. Help it as far as possible to measure up to the boundless need! Help with your money, that more and ever more soldiers can say, "I knew you would come!"

Many people are located at points where one cannot get into touch with any canvasser working in aid of the Red Triangle Fund. If you are so situated send your money direct. Remit by cheque, money order or registered letter to Thomas Bradshaw, National Treasurer, Red Triangle Fund, 120 Bay St., Toronto. Make your contribution as large as possible, but whether large or small it will be welcome.

A Village Without Y. M. C. A.

Francis B. Sayre writing in Harpers's says: "With only evil ways in which to spend money burning in their pockets, with nothing to relieve the dull monotony of idle evenings, many of the soldiers began to get lonely and homesick, or to drift along dangerous paths.

"It was not many days before officers began to send hurry calls for the Y.M.C.A.: 'For God's sake come down before it's too late and do something for my men!'

"Earn and Give" Campaign

Serve your Country by your labor and make a gift to the Red Triangle Fund from your earnings! What a fine chance to do a double service! Six thousand boys are asked to give \$10 each. Of the total, \$50,000 goes to help the soldiers, the balance for boys' work. Gifts must be at least \$10, the standard unit. A boy may subscribe more than \$10 in \$10 units, but not less. A beautifully engraved certificate will be given to each subscriber. Ask your local Y.M.C.A. representative for pledge card and full information, or send your contribution direct to headquarters.

National Council, Young Men's Christian Association Headquarters: 120 Bay Street, Toronto

John W. Ross, (Montreal)
 National Chairman of
 Red Triangle Fund Campaign

G. A. Warburton, (Toronto)
 National Director of
 Red Triangle Fund Campaign

into a sentiment of unity and allegiance in a new brotherhood of States. It would establish complete freedom of trade for all nations throughout the whole extent of the common territory. It would naturally add to the administration of the new domain the responsibility for the neutralized straits, canals, and other waterways in the old world, and for neutralized territories also.

The first administrators of the new territories should be chosen from peoples accustomed to self-government and not directly involved in the present war, Swiss, Dutch, and Scandinavians.—American Review of Reviews.

Sparing Him.

"Butter is high, dearie," ventured the economical husband.

"I know it is. So shut your ——"

"Eh?"

"And then you won't see how much I have to put on your toast."

Full line of Stationery, Writing Pads, Envelopes, Books, etc.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Market Square.

DETAILS OF NE IN CANAD

Ottawa, April 30.—The new taxation outlined in to-day's Budget speech is as follows:

Income tax extended to include incomes from \$1,000 to \$1,500 in the case of unmarried persons, and from \$2,000 to \$3,000 in the case of married persons.

Tax on smaller incomes to be two per cent, per annum.

A super-tax of five per cent. to be charged on the taxes paid on incomes between \$6,000 and \$10,000 under the income tax measure of last year, and a super-tax of ten per cent. on incomes from \$10,000 to \$100,000, with corresponding increase for higher incomes.

A revision upwards of the taxation on incomes above \$50,000.

Special exemption of \$200 income for each child under 16 years of age.

The corporation income tax, formerly four per cent., is raised to six per cent.

The business profits tax of the last three years is renewed and made applicable to companies having an invested capital of \$25,000 or upwards. The previous limit was \$50,000. It is made applicable to all companies whether incorporated or not. The amount of taxation on the new companies brought within the provision of the act is 25 per cent. of the profits over 10 per cent. of invested capital.

TAXES ON HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES

Customs duty of 10 cents per pound on tea and excise duty of 10 cent per pound on all stocks now in dealers' hands. This averages 40 cent per year per capita.

Customs duty on green coffee and chicory made five cents per pound. British preferential and seven cent per pound intermediate, instead of 2 cents and 3 cents, as formerly.

Temperance drinks which require malt, rice or corn in their manufacture will now have to pay customs duty of forty per cent. ad valorem instead of 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Excise on tobacco, cigars and cigarettes manufactured from foreign leaf doubled. Excise of 5 cents per pound imposed on home-grown raw leaf.

! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cinnati authority tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women suffer no longer. Wear the shoes nearly killed you before, says this Cinnati authority, because a few s of freezone applied directly on a er, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or lened callus loosens so it can be d out, root and all, without pain. small bottle of freezone cost very at any drug store, but will pos- take off every hard or soft or callus. This should be tried, is inexpensive and is said not to ate the surrounding skin. your druggist hasn't any freezone him to get a small bottle for you his wholesale drug house. It is stuff and acts like a charm every

st received a complete line of latest Novels at prices ranging 15c. to 25c. M. PIZZARELLO, he Market Square.

An International League.

rom Morocco to Walisch Bay the coast of Africa has been the e of a scramble between great ers. Asiatic Turkey with the dad railway is the shining prize which Germany aims through the ttle "Europa" scheme. Each er has sought colonies and res of influence for the exclusive benefit of its own business ins. What better way can be ded to prevent the recurrence of "wars of steel and gold," as Brailsford has termed them, by substituting for the rival omic ambitions of each people agreement for the economic adage of all? Let the great colon states follow the example of American States who ceded their land to the Confederation. France, Great Britain, Germany, um, Italy, and Portugal would vest in an international Euro- Congress and its executive ns the title to practically the le of Central Africa. The same gress should assume the receiver for the bankrupt concerns of and Persian. Russia, England, ice, and Germany would then the merit of yielding each a sh advantage, in order to cement europeen union and to promote the non welfare.

nce the European League of ons would become the administrator of a great public domain of the d. It would derive therefrom a ight and importance at the most almost incalculable. It would n to strike roots, as under sim- circumstances in North Ameri, a sentiment of unity and al- ance in a new brotherhood of es. It would establish complete ion of trade for all nations ughout the whole extent of the non territory. It would naturally add to the administration of the domain the responsibility for neutralized straits, canals, and r waterways in the old world, for neutralized territories also. ie first administrators of the territories should be chosen peoples accustomed to self-gov- ern and not directly involved in present war, Swiss, Dutch, and dinavians.—American Review of

MRS. ROWE GAINS ALMOST 50 POUNDS

Lost Nearly 100 Pounds After Opera- tion—Tanlac Builds Her Up Again.

"When my wife came home from the hospital she weighed little more than a hundred pounds, but Tanlac has built her up, until she now weighs one hundred and fifty", was the remarkable statement recently made by Harry Rowe, of 65 McCaul Street, Toronto.

"Two years ago," he continued, "when my wife left here for England, she seemed to be a strong and healthy woman, and weighed two hundred pounds. Two months later she was operated on for appendicitis, and the shock seemed to break her all up. A month later when she returned to Canada she had fallen off until she was but a shadow of her former self. She had no appetite and the little she forced down soured and formed gas that made her miserable most all the time. She was very bilious too, and complained of an awful pain in her side. The operation weakened her so that she spent most of her time in bed, and she was unable even when she was up to do anything about the house. She tried to find relief from her sufferings by taking all kinds of preparations, but got worse instead of better.

"One of my friends who had taken Tanlac praised it so much that I got my wife to try it. She has taken three bottles so far, and her appetite has improved so much that she can eat anything she wants, and says she is never troubled with Sour Stomach or gas anymore. She never complains of that pain in her side anymore, and is fast regaining her former strength and weight, and she feels stronger and better than she has in a long time.

Tanlac is sold in Napanee at WAL- LACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the "U. E. Loyalist" Chapter, I.O.D.E.



Last week Mrs. Carleton Woods, of Roblin, favored us with a visit, and brought us a splendid quilt to be sent to the French. We were very pleased to welcome Mrs. Woods as one of our number to our work-room, and to know of her practical sympathy with the very needy people of Northern France, also desiring to express our sincere thanks for her donation.

Do not forget that our boxes for the Queen Mary's Needlework Guild, must be ready for shipment by the middle of this month, all hospital supplies must be laundered, and each article marked with the Badge of the Order; also that any donations for the soldiers comfort case will be gratefully received.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

[Limited.]

DINING ROOM SETTS

complete in Quartered Oak, Golden or Fumed Finish.

PARLOR SUITS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Kitchen Cabinets.

Children's Carriages and Go-Carts.

Devenports.

Iron and Brass Beds.

Spring and Upholstered Mattress

Come and inspect our Stock and get our Prices.

Freight Prepaid.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

Notice to The Trade!

Order Your

Soft Drinks

From

The Lennox Beverage Works,

'Phone 275, Napanee.

Sole Agents for

THE NATIONAL BREWERIES Limited, - Montreal, Que.
GRANTS SPRINGS BREWERY CO., - Hamilton, Ont.
HAMILTON BREWING ASSOCIATION - Hamilton, Ont.

2 1-2 p. c. Ale, Lager, and Porter.

Write for Prices.

We specialize in all kinds of
CARBONATED DRINKS

and ship to all local outside points.

THE LENNOX BEVERAGE WORKS,

East Street, - Napanee, Ont.

Rear of Daly's Tea Warehouse.

Try Our Unfermented Fruit Wines.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and
TOBACCO STORE.

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

We think we can please you.

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Sparing Him.

"Butter is high, dearie," ventured economical husband.
"know it is. So shut your eyes."
"and then you won't see how
I have to put on your toast."

Line of Stationery, Writing
Envelopes, Books, etc.
PIZZARIELLO, Market Square.

one of our number to our work-room, and to know of her practical sympathy with the very needy people of Northern France, also desiring to express our sincere thanks for her donation.

Do not forget that our boxes for the Queen Mary's Needlework Guild, must be ready for shipment by the middle of this month, all hospital supplies must be laundered, and each article marked with the Badge of the Order; also that any donations for the soldiers comfort case will be gratefully received.

Early in June the Daughters of the Empire and their Committee propose to put on a dramatic entertainment of exceptional merit, no effort will be spared to make it a finished production. Proceeds for the many objects of patriotic endeavor for which we are constantly called upon to contribute. Therefore, we would ask the kind co-operation of all and especially of all our members for a united effort to make this undertaking a very great success. The dates decided upon are the 11th and 12th June.

Chase's Family Remedies for sale at WALLACE'S.

DETAILS OF NEW TAXES IN CANADA'S BIG BUDGET

tawa, April 30.—The new taxation outlined in to-day's Budget is as follows: Income tax extended to include incomes from \$1,000 to \$1,500 in the case of unmarried persons, and from \$0 to \$3,000 in the case of married persons.

On smaller incomes to be two cent, per annum.

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Previous limit was \$50,000. It is applicable to all companies, whether incorporated or not.

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ES ON HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES.

Stamps duty of 10 cents per pound ea and excise duty of 10 cents per pound on all stocks now in dealers' hands. This averages 40 cents per year per capita.

Stamps duty on green coffee and tea made five cents per pound sh. preferential and seven cents per pound intermediate, instead of 2½ and 3 cents, as formerly.

Imperial beer, which require rice or corn in their manufacture will now have to pay customs of forty per cent. ad valorem.

Excise on tobacco, cigars and cigarettes manufactured from foreign doubled. Excise of 5 cents per pound imposed on home-grown raw

Excise taxation of one cent per hundred on matches and eight cents on a package of playing cards imposed.

Customs duty on moving picture films made five cents per foot.

Taxes on sleeping car berths made ten per cent. of the price paid for each berth, with a minimum charge of 25 cents. On parlor car seats the tax is increased from five to ten cents.

Special war excise tax of ten per cent. on the selling value of automobiles, jewellery, gramophones, piano and organ players and records when imported into or manufactured in Canada.

HEAVY WAR-TIME BURDENS.

Financial features of the Budget are in brief as follows:

Revenue for the past fiscal year, \$258,000,000; an increase of \$26,000,000 over 1916-17. Expenditure on revenue account, \$173,000,000, and on capital account, \$30,000,000. Surplus to be applied to war expenditure, \$55,000,000.

War expenditure last year, \$245,000,000, and total war expenditure to the end of March this year, \$378,000,000, exclusive of pay still due to troops overseas.

Net national debt now \$1,200,000,000.

Estimated commitments of the Government for the current fiscal year \$980,000,000, including \$230,000,000 for the civil budget, \$425,000,000 for war expenditure and \$325,000,000 for financing in part British war orders in Canada.

RAISING THE MONEY.

To provide for this expenditure the Government counts on revenue of \$270,000,000; unexpected balance of the Victory Loan, \$130,000,000; financing by Great Britain of cost of maintenance of Canadian troops overseas, \$300,000,000, and the balance of \$280,000,000 to be provided from loans in Canada or elsewhere if possible. Commitments on railway equipment and Canadian Northern Railway maturities account to be met by renewal of maturities and sale of equipment securities.

THE LENNOX BEVERAGE WORKS,

East Street, - Napane, Ont.

Rear of Daly's Tea Warehouse.

Try Our Unfermented Fruit Wines.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
0-3-m Napane

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napane
Strictly Private and Confidential.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

WE - WANT - NOW

A Reliable Agent in Lennox and Addington County to sell Pelham Peerless Fruit and Ornamental Fruit Trees during Fall and Winter months. Good pay, exclusive territory, free selling equipment.

OVER 600 ACRES
of the choicest Nursery Stock including NEW varieties controlled by us. Handsome up-to-date selling equipment and a splendid Canadian grown stock to offer customers. We are not jobbers. Write now for agency terms to PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont.

N.B.—Catalogue sent on request to applicants for agencies or purchasers of Nursery Stock.

31-4

Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD Panelled Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

BEAVER BOARD
can be used in new or remodeled buildings of every type.

We carry full stock and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.

APPLY TO



MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

PHONE 13,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO

Notice

Owing to change in business I find it necessary to have all outstanding accounts paid in at once. And all future accounts must be settled at least every month.

We carry a full line of choice GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, SALT, HAY, STRAW—CORD WOOD and CUT WOOD—which will be sold at Bottom Prices.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

Phone 101

SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the
Following Goods:

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop Barley Feed, Cracked Corn, Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa, Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds, and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
NAPANEE, ONT.

50-tf

FRUIT TREES and PLANTS FOR SPRING PLANTING

We need no further introduction than the fact that we have been in the Nursery Business SIXTY-ONE YEARS, and are now prepared to meet existing conditions by offering our high grade trees and plants direct to customers at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Send for our illustrated circulars of hardy varieties which you can order direct and save the agent's commission, of which you get the benefit. Our prices will be sure to interest you and all stock is absolutely first-class and true to name.

The Chase Brothers Co.,
of Ontario, Limited
Nurserymen
Established 1857

COLBORNE,
ONT.

6-20

LOUD LONDON NEWSBOYS.

Objections to Their Variety of "Wuxtry—Just Out" Cry.

The crying of exaggerated news by irresponsible news vendors has lately again assumed the dimensions of a public nuisance.

There was a flagrant instance of this scandal recently. In various parts of London and the suburbs were to be heard newsboys calling out "Great British naval victory!" and in consequence they found a ready sale.

It was hoped that when posters were suppressed, in the interests of economy in paper, another valuable result would also be attained in pre-

venting the nerves of the public being continually excited by "bills" bearing "scare" lines.

At the present time, when most persons are working at great tension, and so many have near relatives whose lives may be at stake in a particular action, it is considered most important in official quarters that every means should be employed to prevent the public being exploited and their nerves unnecessarily worked upon by the scaremongers of the street.

It may be recalled that early in the war the police authorities found means to suppress the nuisance created by the men and boys who made a sudden eruption at certain centres at night and continued yelling their news to the distraction of all the residents in the neighborhood.

Similar action was taken by the police when the thousands of workers in certain Government offices were seriously disturbed in the evening by the irrepressible newsboys, who played on the anxiety of the persons always to be found in the vicinity. It is hoped, therefore, that the recent rerudescence of the "catchpenny" nuisance may receive the attention of the police authorities with similarly successful results.

A high official at Scotland Yard pointed out that to cry false news is, of course, an indictable offence, and that it is open to any member of the public to prosecute the offender. The difficulties in the way of doing so, however, are obvious, for by the time the purchaser of a paper has discovered the imposition of the newsboy he has vanished. A constable has no power to detain a boy while he verifies the truth of his statement, so that he is in no better position to deal with an offender.

The official suggested that something might be done in the matter by the newspaper proprietors themselves by having a conference and taking steps to discourage the bawling of news in the streets.

It is, however, obviously impossible for the management of newspapers to exercise control over the thousands of irresponsible men and boys, whose sole object is to sell out their stock of papers, and the public looks to the police themselves with far more confidence for a redress of the evil.—London Globe.

Proud of It.

A leading politician, apropos of the Luxburg, Bernstorff, von Iglo and other German exposures, said the other day:

"Germany seems to approve the unexampled wickedness of her sons. She reminds me of the old man at the club."

"An old man sat reading a newspaper in a club while a group of young fellows talked excitedly about the marvelous power for lying possessed by a certain Jack Courtenay. When their talk ceased the old man cleared his throat and said:

"Gentlemen, I have just heard you decide that Jack Courtenay is the biggest liar in Canada. I am his father."

"A young man, very red in the face, started to apologize, but the old boy said:

"No, no; don't apologize. It isn't necessary. I merely wanted to say, gentlemen, that if you consider my son, Jack, the biggest liar in Canada, it's very evident that you have never met my other son, Jim."

A Good Job.

A dashing lieutenant-colonel, ex-member of the General Staff, was approached by a recently drafted man.

GET READY FOR GARDEN

How to Plan Your Work and Work to a Plan.

EVERYBODY GROW EATABLES

The Essentials In Planning Garden—Best Varieties to Plant.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

AT NO TIME in many years has the necessity and importance of the home vegetable garden been so clearly shown as for this coming summer. France, our wonderful ally, has since the French Revolution been a nation of small farmers, her people of small means cultivating some available land to produce a portion of their own household foodstuffs, and to increase the wealth of the nation. Great Britain, threatened with a shortage of foodstuffs, determined to cultivate all available land possible to offset this shortage and we, in Canada, bending every energy toward facilitating these great nations should do all in our individual power to do something in the hope of helping ourselves and assisting the commercial vegetable growers who are seriously handicapped by the shortage of labor in the production of vegetable foodstuffs.

Every city, town and village dweller has an opportunity to help in this great work, in that there are hundreds of available plots now practically unproductive, which could be made grow vegetables and thus add to the wealth of the country.

Vegetables an Important Food.

Vegetables should form an important portion of the daily food of the average human being, for they possess qualities which we are told are essential in the proper digestion of the heavy foods, such as meats.

All backyards cannot be prepared in one year to grow vegetables of an excellent quality. Some portion of the yard, however, may be devoted to this purpose, or, if it is convenient, there are usually many vacant lots which are not too far from one's place of abode which possibly could be devoted to the growing of vegetables.

Some Essentials.

First of all it is essential that the vegetable garden, no matter how small, be planted according to some plan or rule. No one attempts to build a house or to set out a perennial flower border without using some drawing or chart to go by. Why should the vegetable garden be treated differently? Haphazard planting will prove a failure, and in order to overcome this it should be remembered in laying out the garden that—

(1) Tall plants will be most effective if placed behind low ones, not intermingled with them.

(2) All plants closely allied should be grown together, not in the same row, but in rows adjoining one another.

(3) The fences may be decorated with vine crops which may be supported on the fences by means of strings or lattice work.

LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make this beauty lotion cheaply your face, neck, arms and hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full pint of the most wonderful lotion skin softener and complexion beautifier by squeezing the juice of two fresh oranges into a bottle containing three of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then the lotion will keep fresh for months. A woman knows that lemon juice is to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan as the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store, two lemons from the grocer and make a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lotion and massage it daily on the face, neck, arms and hands, marvelous to smoothen rough, red skin.

will be well advised to wait until middle of May before doing much in the garden.

Suitable Varieties.

A list of varieties suitable for gardens made by city, town and village dwellers follows:

Asparagus—Palmetto, Concord Colossal.

Beans—Davis' White Wax, Green Wad, Refugee.

Beets—Crosby's Egyptian, Dark Red.

Brussels sprouts—Dalkeith.

Carrots—Chantenay.

Cauliflower—Erfurt, Snowball.

Cabbage—Copenhagen, Danish Ball Head.

Celery—Paris Golden, W. Queen.

Corn—Golden Bantam, Sweet Evergreen.

Cucumber—White Spine, Ch. Pickling.

Citron—Colorado Preserving.

Lettuce—Grand Rapids, Napa.

Melon, Musk—Paul Rose.

Melon, Water—Cole's Early.

Onions—Southport Yellow GI.

Parsnip—Hollow Crown.

Parsley—Champion Moss Cut.

Peas—Gradus, Little Marvel.

Potatoes—Irish Cobbler, Mountain.

Pumpkin—Quaker Pie.

Radish—Scarlet White Tip T.

Ne Plus Ultra, (winter) China.

Spinach—Victoria, Virolay.

Salsify—Sandwich Island.

Squash—Bush Marrow.

Tomatoes—Chalks Jewel.

Turnip—Earl Six Weeks.

Rhubarb—Victoria, Liner.

S. C. Johnston, Ontario Vegetable Specialist, Toronto.

Bagdad Has Moving Picture

Bagdad has one public picture theatre. The building is about 100 feet long by 60 feet wide, a somewhat primitive structure with the advantage that the vision is very good. The seats are divided into two classes. The price of first-class tickets is 26 cents, that of the second-class admittance is 12 cents. The hall is furnished with electric lights and electric power for which is supplied by a small motor.

The films shown are similar to those ordinarily exhibited in America. There is usually one film featuring some prominent French or English actor, followed by a short comedy. Numerous can films also are shown here.

Until recently films were imported chiefly from Smyrna, Turkey.



NEW SUITS

—AT—

\$15.00

New Sponges, New Worsted, New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Napanee Ont.

is one of the best buys you can make. It is a

Strap Wristlet Watch
F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

Style Bracelet and Strap Watches
Gummet, Filled and Solid Gold

Every Style Bracelet at

Silver, Gunmetal, Fille-

Our \$3.00 Strap Wristlet W-

hile and fully guaranteed. All Wat-

F. CHINNECK'S

face, started to apologize, but the old boy said:

"No, no; don't apologize. It isn't necessary. I merely wanted to say, gentlemen, that if you consider my son, Jack the biggest liar in Canada, it's very evident that you have never met my other son, Jim."

A Good Job.

A dashing lieutenant-colonel, ex-member of the General Staff, was approached by a recently drafted man.

"What might your name be? Do you belong to this bunch?"

"I'm the colonel in charge."

"Wal, I see the balance of 'em busy around here, and I don't see you doin' anything. How does a fellow go about gittin' your job?"

will prove a failure, and in order to overcome this it should be remembered in laying out the garden that—

(1) Tall plants will be most effective if placed behind low ones, not intermingled with them.

(2) All plants closely allied

should be grown together, not in the same row, but in rows adjoining one another.

(3) The fences may be decorated with vine crops which may be supported on the fences by means of strings or lattice work.

(4) All quickly maturing vegetables should be planted in a portion of the garden by themselves so that they may be harvested and the ground used for other crops later on.

Secure Seed Now—But Plant Only When Soil Is Ready.

The backyard gardener should decide very early which crops are to be grown and should purchase his seed as soon as possible. It must be remembered, however, that much of this seed may be wasted if it is planted too early in the season. The soil must be warm to receive the seeds, and amateur gardeners must have patience until it is certain that good growing weather has come. It is possible in ordinary seasons to plant some vegetables in April, and yet many backyard vegetable enthusiasts

that of the second-class admission cents. The hall is furnished with electric lights and electric power for which is supplied by small motor.

The films shown are similar to those ordinarily exhibited in America. There is usually one local film featuring some prominent French or English actor, followed by a short comedy. Numerous American films also are shown here.

Until recently films were imported chiefly from Smyrna, Turkey, where there was an agency, but that source of supply has been cut off since the occupation of Bagdad by the British on March 11, 1917. Another source is the firm of Pathé Frères, of Paris, France. The films are not purchased, but rented for a certain period, and then returned. The theater opens every night at 8 o'clock, and closes about 10:30. There are exhibitions during the day at present. The pictures are changed twice a week. The attendance is good.

There is also a motion picture plant conducted by the military authorities exclusively for the British officers and soldiers. Before the war a local British firm conducted a first-class film theatre in Bagdad. It was very popular, and was attended by the best class of the population. I doubtless such enterprises will prosper there in the future, when normal conditions are restored, because the city has a population of about 20,000, and this form of amusement appeals to them.—Commerce Reports.

WRIGLEY'S

Keep WRIGLEY'S in mind as the longest-lasting confection you can buy. Send it to the boys at the front.

War Time Economy in Sweetmeats—

a 5-cent package of WRIGLEY'S will give you several days' enjoyment: it's an investment in benefit as well as pleasure, for it helps teeth, breath, appetite, digestion.

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

The Flavour Lasts

Sealed tight—Kept right

MADE IN CANADA

JUICY FRUIT

SPERMINT
LICORICE
DOUBLE MINT



LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make this beauty lotion cheaply for your face, neck, arms and hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.

Will be well advised to wait until the middle of May before doing very much in the garden.

Suitable Varieties.

A list of varieties suitable for gardens made by city, town and village weavers follows:

Asparagus—Palmetto, Conover's Oologah.

Beans—Davis' White Wax, Golden Jade, Refugee.

Beets—Crosby's Egyptian, Detroit Ark Red.

Brussels sprouts—Daikeith, Carrots—Chantenay.

Cauliflower—Erfurt, Snowball.

Cabbage—Copenhagen Market, Danish Ball Head.

Celery—Paris Golden, Winter Queen.

Corn—Golden Bantam, Stewell's Evergreen.

Cucumber—White Spine, Chicago Pickling.

Citron—Colorado Preserving.

Lettuce—Grand Rapids, Nonpareil.

Melon, Musk—Paul Rose.

Melon, Water—Cole's Early.

Onions—Southport Yellow Globe.

Parsnip—Hollow Crown.

Parsley—Champion Moss Curled.

Peas—Gradus, Little Marvel.

Potatoes—Irish Cobbler, Green Mountain.

Pumpkin—Quaker Pie.

Radish—Scarlet White Tip Turnip, e Plus Ultra, (winter) China Rose.

Spinach—Victoria, Viroflay.

Salsify—Sandwich Island.

Squash—Bush Marrow.

Tomatoes—Chalk Jewel.

Turnip—Earl Six Weeks.

Rhubarb—Victoria, Linneans.

C. Johnston, Ontario Vegetable specialist, Toronto.

Bagdad Has Moving Picture Show.

Bagdad has one public motion picture theatre. The building is about 100 feet long by 60 feet wide, somewhat primitive structure, but with the advantage that the ventilation is very good. The seats are divided into two classes. The price of first-class tickets is 26 cents, and that of the second-class admission 17 cents. The hall is furnished with electric lights and electric fans, power for which is supplied by a small motor.

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Until recently films were imported chiefly from Smyrna, Turkey, where

VOCATIONAL TRAINING.

Some of the Work Being Done For the Soldiers.

The system of vocational training for returned soldiers which is enabling men to learn new occupations and in many instances to go back into civil life prepared to earn more than they did before they enlisted was the subject of an address by W. E. Segsworth, administrator of vocational training for the returned soldiers under the Military Hospitals Commission, before the Canadian Credit Men's Association in Toronto.

Mr. Segsworth stated definitely that learning a new trade would have no effect on a soldier's pension, and that whether pensioners or not returned soldiers were eligible for the re-educational courses.

The idea kept to the fore in the vocational training was to follow the lines of the man's old occupation so he would go back to his old environment. For example a bricklayer, prevented through injuries from following the same occupation might be trained to be an architect or draughtsman, a carpenter may become a cabinet maker, a lineman become an armature winder, or a moulder a pattern maker.

As many occupations are taught as possible among the returned men, otherwise there would arise competition difficulties.

An investigation by the hospitals commission had shown that there had been thirty-four soldiers blinded by wounds and it was pointed out that this was a much smaller number than was generally supposed, one doctor in "guessing" — before the inquiry — having made an "estimate" of 1,000.

An important point brought out was that, although warned that soldiers would be exploited, the commission now had the men receive part of the training right in the factories of the country, with very successful results. Before this was done, however, an industrial survey was made.

The instructing of the returned soldiers was divided by the commission into two broad classes, vocational training and vocational re-education. Vocational re-education was for the men who were so seriously injured or affected in health that they could not go back to their old occupations. It meant practically the teaching of a new trade. In quite a percentage of cases, the returned men after concluding their courses earned larger wages than before going to the war. Some of the "bed patients" were taught such things as the operating of special hand looms. Textiles they had woven had been sold in Montreal for as high as \$8 a yard. The goods were sold without being marked in any way to indicate their being the output of soldiers.

At the present time investigations are being made to ascertain just what disability a man can suffer and still continue in a given trade. When investigation into this question has been concluded there will be no possibility of mistakes being made. To avoid error, the speaker said, the greatest care must be exercised. Not only must the man be consulted and his inclinations ascertained, but his medical history must be gone into with minute care, so that his physical and mental qualifications may be ascertained.

Mr. Segsworth prefaced his address by pointing out that the success of the endeavors being made to

restore the returned soldier to civil life will have a big effect upon the industrial life of Canada. If the incapacitated men were merely thrown back into civil life to live on their pensions the country would lose their industry. This would have far-reaching effects. Their families would be brought up in an atmosphere of charity and idleness.

Turning History Upside Down.

In Rouen history seemed to have rolled backward. The city where the English burned Joan of Arc seemed almost as British to-day as Birmingham or Manchester. Acres of factory chimneys smoked busily beside the Seine; the river was full of British shipping—coal barges, transports, hospital ships, tramp steamers; and in the crowded city streets were thousands of Tommies in khaki, Scotties in kilts or scandalous "shorts" of the same loud-colored plaid as the kilt. Australians and New Zealanders, natives, public school bred officers, Sikhs wearing khaki turbans, and scores of V. A. D.'s and other rose-checked British women in khaki or blue serge or the white muslin of the Red Cross nurse.

The Norman Conquest had been reversed, and the British had retaken Rouen. It was an impressive and noble example of the complete unity and power of the allies.—Red Cross Magazine.

Why do tourists, who make film records of their travels, insist on having "Kodak" film and Velox paper? Simply because they can rely on these to get results under all weather conditions. Look for word "Kodak" on metal end of every Eastman film. Sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.



Complete Service to Ford Owners Everywhere

COURTEOUS attention to your needs wherever you may travel is something you appreciate, and being a Ford owner you can get it. You are always "among friends".

There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners—for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

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There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners —for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

The cost of Ford Service is as remarkably low as the cost of the car itself. Nineteen of the most called for parts cost only \$5.40. Just compare this with the cost of spare parts for other cars and you will realize the advantage of owning a Ford.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Touring	- - -	\$595
Runabout	- - -	\$575
Coupe	- - -	\$770
Sedan	- - -	\$970
Chassis	- - -	\$535
One-ton Truck	\$750	

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

W. J. Normile, Dealer, Napanee
G. H. Richardson, Dealer, Tamworth

DUNLOP
ALWAYS LEADS

More bicycles will be sold this year, and more enthusiasm for cycling as a thrifit measure will be in evidence. In only one respect will the year be the same as all other bicycle years since the pneumatic tire was introduced: Dunlop Tires will lead the way in totality of sales, in preponderance of quality, and in mastery of service.

Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited

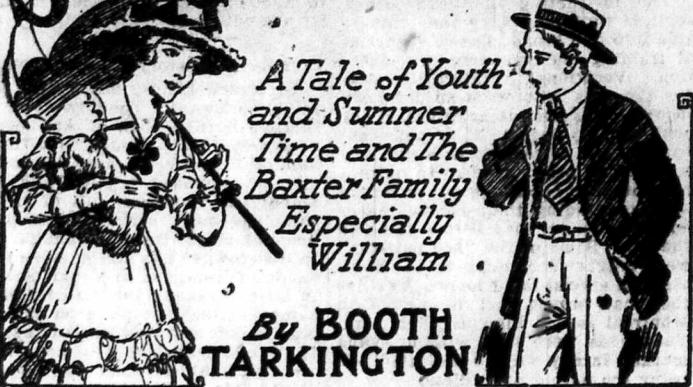
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Head Office and Factories: TORONTO

FIRST
SINCE
1894

B. 139

Seventeen



Copyright, 1915, 1916, by Metropolitan Magazine.

It was upon the conclusion of this fourteenth dance that Mr. Parcher

lady. "Ne'm? Nice green lettuce sandwich, lady?"

Genesis!

"Nice tongue sandwich, suh? Nice lettuce sandwich, lady?" he could be heard vociferating, perhaps a little too much as if he had sandwiches for sale. "Lemme jes' lay this nice green lettuce sandwich on you' plate fer you, lady."

Because he was a new waiter he strongly wished to show familiarity with his duties—familiarity, in fact, with everything and everybody. This yearning, born of self doubt and intensified by a slight touch of gin, was beyond question the inspiration of his painful behavior when he came near the circle of chairs where sat Mr. and Mrs. Parcher, Miss Parcher, Miss Pratt, Miss Boke, Mr. Watson, Mr. Bullitt, others and William.

"Nice tongue sandwich, lady!" he announced semicircle walking beneath his high borne tray. "Nice green lettuce sam"— He came suddenly to a dramatic dead stop as he beheld William sitting before him, wearing that strange new dignity and Mr. Baxter's evening clothes. "Name o' goo'ness!" Genesis exclaimed, so loudly that every one looked up. "How in the livin' worl' you evuh come to git here? You daddy su'tny mus' a' weakened 'way down 'fo' he let you wear his low cut ves' an' pants an' long tail coat! I bet any man 50 cents you gone an' stole 'em out astuh he done went to bed!"

And he burst into a wild, free African laugh.

At seventeen such things are not embarrassing; they are catastrophic. But, mercifully, catastrophes often produce numbness in the victims. More as in a trance than actually William heard the outbreak of his young companions.

A flourish of music challenged the dancers. Couples appeared upon the platform.

The dreadful supper was over.

The ineffectual One, supremely pink, rose from her seat at William's side and moved toward the platform with the glowing Joe Bullitt. Then William, roused to action by this sight, sprang to his feet and took a step toward them, but it was only one weak step.

A warm and ample hand placed itself firmly inside the crook of his elbow. "Let's get started for this one before the floor gets all crowded up," said Miss Boke.

Miss Boke danced and danced with him. She danced him on and on

in large part assumed for the benefit of the observer. After a momentary silence, due to her failure to think of any proper response to workmen who had pointedly criticised her, she resumed the peremptory direction of her affairs.

Then, apparently in the very midst of her cares, she suddenly and without warning ceased to boss, walked out into the street, halted and stared frankly at Jane.

CHAPTER XX.

"Don't Forget!"

JANE came out to the sidewalk and began to kick one of the fence pickets.

"You see that ole fatty?" asked the little girl, pointing to one of the workmen thus sufficiently identified.

"Yes."

"That's the one broke the goldfish," said the little girl. There was a pause, during which she continued to scuff the curbstone with her shoe, Jane likewise scuffing the fence picket. "I'm goin' to have papa get him arrested," added the stranger.

"My papa got two men arrested once," Jane said calmly, "two or three."

The little girl's eyes, wandering upward, took note of Jane's papa's house and of a fierce young gentleman framed in an open window upstairs. He was seated, wore ink upon his forehead and tapped his teeth with a red penholder.

"Who is that?" she asked.

"It's Willie."

"Is it your papa?"

"No-o-o-o!" Jane exclaimed. "It's Willie!"

"Oh!" said the little girl, apparently satisfied.

Each now scuffed less energetically with her shoe; feet slowed down, so did conversation, and for a time Jane and the stranger wrapped themselves in stillness, though there may have been some silent communing between them. Then the new neighbor placed her feet far apart and leaned backward upon nothing, curving her front up

ONLY MEDICINE MADE FROM FRUIT

Extraordinary Success while "Fruit-a-tives" Has Achieved

One reason why "Fruit-a-tive" is so extraordinarily successful giving relief to those suffering with Constipation, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Chronic Headaches, Neuralgia, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Eczema and other Skin Affections, is, because it is the only medicine the world made from fruit juices.

It is composed of the medicinal principles found in apples, orange peels and prunes, together with nerve tonics and antiseptics proven repute.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 2c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

at some heavy affair in the distance. His ears were red. He looked neither to the right nor to the left—that is, looked neither to the right nor to the left until he had passed the Baxter fence. But when he had gone as far as the upper corner of the fence yond he turned his head and looked back, without any expression, except that of a whistler, at Jane. And then he began to whistle "My Country 'Tis of Thee," and with blank pink face on his shoulder, he proceeded until he was out of sight.

"Who was that boy?" the new neighbor inquired.

"It's Freddie," Jane said placidly. "He's in our Sunday school. He's love of me."

"Jane!"

Again the outraged and ink stained countenance glared down from window.

"What you want?" Jane asked.

"What you mean talking about such things?" William demanded. "In my life I never heard anything as disgusting! Shame on you!"

The little girl from across the street looked upward thoughtfully. "He mad," she remarked, and, regarding of Jane's previous information, "It your papa, isn't it?" she insisted.

"No!" said Jane testily. "I told five times it's my brother Willie."

"Oh!" said the little girl, and, regarding the fact that William's position was in dignity and authority negligible compared with that which she had persisted in imagining, she felt it safe to tint her upward gaze with disfavor. "He acts kind of crazy," she murmured.

"He's in love of Miss Pratt," said Jane. "She's goin' away today. I said she'd go before, but today she Mr. Parcher, where she visits, he's most dead, she's stayed so long. She awful, I think."

William, to whom all was said shouted hoarsely, "I'll see to you!" and disappeared from the window.

"Will he come down here?" the little girl asked, taking a step toward the gate.

"No. He's just gone to call mamm. All she'll do'll be to tell us to go somewhere else. Then we can



"Notty ickle boy Baxter fluttin'!"

mentioned to his wife a change in his feelings toward William. "I've been watching him," said Mr. Parcher, "and I never saw true misery show plainer. He's having a really horrible time. By George, I hate him, but I've begun to feel kind of sorry for him! Can't you trot up somebody else, so he can get away from that fat girl?"

Mrs. Parcher shook her head in a discouraged way. "I've tried, and I've tried, and I've tried," she said.

"Well, try again."

"I can't now." She waved her hand toward the rear of the house. Round the corner marched a short procession of negroes, bearing trays, and the dancers were dispersing themselves to chairs upon the lawn for refreshments.

"Well, do something." Mr. Parcher urged. "We don't want to find him in the cistern in the morning."

Mrs. Parcher looked thoughtful, then brightened. "I know!" she said. "I'll make May and Lola and their partners come sit in this little circle of chairs here, and then I'll go and bring William and Miss Boke to sit with them. I'll give Willie the seat at Lola's left. You keep the chairs."

Straightway she sped upon her kindly errand. It proved successful, so successful, indeed, that without the slightest effort, without even a hint on her part, she brought not only William and his constant friend to sit in



"Look!" she said. "Look at me!"

ward and her remarkably flexible spine inward until a profile view of her was grandly semicircular.

Jane watched her attentively, but without comment. However, no one could have doubted that the processes of acquaintance were progressing favorably.

"Let's go in our yard," said Jane. The little girl straightened herself with a slight gasp and accepted the invitation. Side by side the two passed through the open gate, walked gravely forth upon the lawn and halted as by common consent. Jane thereupon placed her feet wide apart and

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One reason why "Fruit-a-tives" so extraordinarily successful in giving relief to those suffering with constipation, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Chronic Headaches, Neuralgia, Tinea and Bladder Troubles, rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Eczema and other Skin Affections, because it is the only medicine in the world made from fruit juices.

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some heavy affair in the distance. Tears were red. He looked neither to the right nor to the left—that is, he looked neither to the right nor to the left until he had passed the Baxters' ice. But when he had gone as far as the upper corner of the fence behind he turned his head and looked back, without any expression, except that of a whistler, at Jane. And thus, whistling "My Country, 'Tis of us," and with blank pink face over shoulders, he proceeded until he was of sight.

"Who was that boy?" the new neighbor inquired.

"It's Freddie," Jane said placidly. "He's in our Sunday school. He's in love of me."

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Dear Little girl from across the street looked upward thoughtfully. "He's dead," she remarked, and, regardless of Jane's previous information, "It is your papa, isn't it?" she insisted.

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"She acts kind of crazy," she murred.

He's in love of Miss Pratt," said she. "She's goin' away today. She I she'd go before, but today she is!"

Parcher, where she visits, he's almost dead, she's stayed so long. She's full, I think."

William, to whom all was audible, uttered hoarsely, "I'll see to you!" and disappeared from the window.

"Will he come down here?" the little girl asked, taking a step toward the window.

No. He's just gone to call mamma. She'll do be to tell us to go play somewhere else. Then we can go to Genesis."

like that at her age? I never heard of such a thing! That worm walkin' past here four or five times a day just to look at Jane! And her standing there, calmly tellin' that sooty faced little girl, 'He's in love of me!' Why, it's enough to sicken a man! Honestly, if I had my way, I'd see that both she and that little Freddie Banks got a first class whipping!"

"Don't you think, Willie," said Mrs. Baxter—"don't you think that, considering the rather noncommittal method of Freddie's courtship, you are suggesting extreme measures?"

"Well, she certainly ought to be punished!" he insisted, and then, with a reversal to agony, he shuddered. "That's the least of it!" he cried. "It's the insulting things you always allow her to say of one of the noblest girls in the United States—that's what counts! On the very last day—yes, almost the last hour—that Miss Pratt's in this town you let your only daughter stand there and speak disrespectfully of her, and then all you do is to tell her to 'go play somewhere else!'"

"You're all wrought up!"

"I am not wrought up!" shouted William. "Why should I be charged with?"

"Now, now!" Mrs. Baxter said. "You'll feel better tomorrow."

"What do you mean by that?" he demanded, breathing deeply.

For reply she only shook her head in an odd little way.

"You'll be all right, Willie," she said softly and closed the door.

Alone, William lifted clinched hands in a series of tumultuous gestures at the ceiling; then he moaned and sank into a chair at his writing table. Presently a comparative calm was restored to him, and with reverent fingers he took from a drawer a one pound box of candy, covered with white tissue paper, girdled with blue ribbon. He set the box gently beside him upon the table, then from beneath a large green blotter drew forth some scribbled sheets. These he placed before him and, taking infinite pains with his handwriting, slowly copied:

Dear Lola—I presume when you are reading these lines it will be this afternoon, and you will be on the train moving rapidly away from this old place here farther and farther from it all. As I sit here at my old desk and look back upon it all while I am writing this farewell letter I hope when you are reading it you also will look back upon it all and think of one you called (Alias) Little Boy Baxter. As I sit here this morning that you are going away at last I look back and I cannot remember any summer in my whole life which has been like this summer, because a great change has come over me this summer. If you would like to know what this means it was something like I said when John Watson got there yesterday afternoon and interrupted what I said. May you enjoy this candy and think of the giver. I will put something in with this letter. It is something maybe you would like to have and in exchange I would give all I possess for one of you if you would send it to me when you get home. Please do this for now my heart is breaking. Yours sincerely,

WILLIAM S. BAXTER.

(ALIAS) LITTLE BOY BAXTER.

CHAPTER XXI.

The Last Sad Rites.

WILLIAM opened the box of candy and placed the letter upon the top layer of chocolates. Upon the letter he placed a small photograph, wrapped in tissue paper, of himself. Then with a pair of scissors he trimmed an oblong of white cardboard to fit into the box. Upon this piece of cardboard he laboriously wrote, copying from a tortured, inky sheet before him:

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of

Chas H. Fletcher

and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this.

All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but

Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of

Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

farce and the pleasanter kinds of drama, her father would say, with kindly raillery, "Well, when you two young people get through you'll find me in the library, where I have a pretty good business proposition to lay before you, young man."

And when the white waistcoated, white sideburned old man had, chuckling, left the room William would slowly lift his arms. But Lola would move back from him a step—only a step—and after laying a finger archly upon her lips to check him, "Wait, sir," she would say. "I have a question to ask you, sir."

"What question, Lola?"

"This question, sir," she would reply: "In all that summer, sir, so long ago, why did you never tell me what you were until I had gone away and it was too late to show you what I felt? Ah, Ickle Boy Baxter, I never understood until I looked back upon it all after I had read 'In Dream' on the train that day! *Then I knew!*"

"And now, Lola?" William would say.

"Do you understand me now?"

Shyly she would advance the one short step she had put between them, while he, with lifted, yearning arms, this time destined to no disappointment—

At so vital a moment did Mrs. Baxter knock at his door and consoling reverie cease to minister unto William.

business to be talked about by every Tom, Dick and Harry?"

"Yes, dear," she said. "I understand, of course. Jane only told me she met Mr. Parcher on the street, and he mentioned that Miss Pratt was going at 1 o'clock today. That's all I—"

"You say you understand," he replied, shaking his head drearily at the closed door, "and yet, even on such a day as this, you keep talking! Can't you see sometimes there's times when a person can't stand to!"

"Yes, Willie," Mrs. Baxter interposed hurriedly. "Of course! I'm going now. I have to go hunt up those children, anyway. You try to be back for lunch at half past 1, and don't worry, dear. You really will be all right."

He went to his mirror and, gazing long, long and piercingly at the William there limned, enacted almost unconsciously a little scene of parting. The look of suffering upon the mirrored face slowly altered. In its place came one still sorrowful, but tempered with sweet indulgence. He stretched out his hand as if he set it upon a head at about the height of his shoulder.

"Yes, it may mean—it may mean forever," he said in a low, tremulous voice. "Little girl, we must be brave."

And the while his eyes gazed into the mirror they became expressive of a momentary pleased surprise, as if

she's gone before, but today she is: Parcher, where she visits, he's almost dead, she's stayed so long. She's full, I think."

William, to whom all was audible, uttered hoarsely, "I'll see to you!" and disappeared from the window.

"Will he come down here?" the little girl asked, taking a step toward the te.

No. He's just gone to call mamma, I she'll do it to tell us to go play newheres else. Then we can go to Genesis."

"Who?"

"Genesis. He's puttin' a load of coal the cellar window with a shovel's nice."

"What's he put the coal in the window for?"

"He's a colored man," said Jane. "Shall we go talk to him now?" "No," Jane said thoughtfully. "Let's playin' callers when mamma comes tell us to go 'way. What was your name?"

"Rannie."

"No, it wasn't."

"It is too Rannie," the little girl insisted. "My whole name's Mary Randolph Kirsted, but my short name's nnie."

Jane laughed. "What a funny name!" she said. "I didn't mean your real me; I meant your callers' name. One was Mrs. Jones, and one was"—

"I want to be Mrs. Jones," said Rannie.

"Oh, my dear Mrs. Jones," Jane began at once, "I want to tell you about lovely children. I have two, one only seven years old and the other"—

"Jane!" called Mrs. Baxter from William's window.

"Yes'm."

You must go somewhere else to to. Willie's trying to work at his sides up here, and he says you've disturbed him very much."

"Yes'm."

The obedient Jane and her friend Ned to go, and as they went Miss Mary Randolph Kirsted allowed her lifted eyes to linger with increased favor upon William, who appeared inside Mrs. Baxter at the window.

"I tell you what let's do," Rannie suggested in a lowered voice. "He got fresh with us an' made your mother ne an' all, let's—let's"—

she hesitated.

"Let's what?" Jane urged her in an ear whisper.

"Let's think up somep'n he won't like to do it!"

They disappeared round the corner the house, their heads close together.

Upstairs Mrs. Baxter moved to the or of her son's room, pretending to unconscious of the gaze he maintained upon her. Mustering courage hum a little tune and affecting insequence, she had nearly crossed threshold when he said sternly: And this is all you intend to say to child?"

"Why, yes, Willie."

And yet I told you what she said: cried. "I told you I heard her stand re and tell that dirty faced little boy that idiot boy that's always been past here, four or five times a

whistling and looking back, was love of her! Ye gods! What kind a person will she grow up into if I don't punish her for havin' ideas

CHAPTER XXI.

The Last Sad Rites.

WILLIAM opened the box of candy and placed the letter upon the top layer of chocolates. Upon the letter he placed a small photograph, wrapped in tissue paper, of himself. Then with a pair of scissors he trimmed an oblong of white cardboard to fit into the box. Upon this piece of cardboard he laboriously wrote, copying from a tortured, inky sheet before him:

In Dream

By WILLIAM S. BAXTER.

The sunset light
Fades into night
But never will I forget
The smile that haunts me yet
Through the future four long years
I hope you will remember with tears
What's'er my rank or station
Whilst receiving my education
Though far away you seem
I would see thee in dream.

He placed his poem between the photograph and the letter, closed the box and tied the tissue paper about it again with the blue ribbon. Throughout these rites—they were rites both in spirit and in manner—he was subject to little catchings of the breath, half gulp, half sigh. But the dolorous tokens passed, and he sat with elbows upon the table, his chin upon his hands, reverie in his eyes.

Perhaps he was helped too by wondering what Miss Pratt would think of him when she read "In Dream" on the train that afternoon. For reasons purely intuitive and decided without



I Would See Thee in Dream.

foundation in fact he was satisfied that no rival farewell poem would be offered her, and so it may be that he thought "In Dream" might show her at last in one blaze of light what her eyes had sometimes fleetingly intimated she did perceive in part—the difference between William and such everyday, rather well meaning, fairly good hearted people as Joe Bullitt, Wallace Banks, Johnnie Watson and others. Yes, when she came to read "In Dream" and to "look back upon it all" she would surely know—at last!

And then, when the future four long years—while receiving his education—had passed he would go to her. He would go to her, and she would take him by the hand and lead him to her father and say, "Father, this is William."

But William would turn to her, and, with the old dancing light in his eyes, "No, Lola," he would say, "not William, but Ickle Boy Baxter. Always and always just that for you, oh, my dear!"

And then, as in story and film and

understood until I looked back upon it all after I had read 'In Dream' on the train that day! Then I knew!"

"And now, Lola?" William would say. "Do you understand me now?"

Shyly she would advance the one short step she had put between them, while he, with lifted, yearning arms, this time destined to no disappointment—

At so vital a moment did Mrs. Baxter knock at his door and consoling reverie cease to minister unto William. He started, placed the sacred box out of sight and spoke gruffly.

"What you want?"

"I'm not coming in, Willie," said his mother. "I just wanted to know—I thought maybe you were looking out of the window and noticed where those children went—Jane and that little girl from across the street—Kirsted, her name must be."

"No; I did not."

"I just wondered," Mrs. Baxter said timidly. "Genesis thinks he heard the little Kirsted girl telling Jane she had plenty of money for car fare. He thinks they went somewhere on a street car. I thought maybe you noticed wheh—"

"I told you I did not."

"All right," she said placatively. "I didn't mean to bother you, dear."

Following this there was a silence, but no sound of receding footsteps indicated Mrs. Baxter's departure from the other side of the closed door.

"Well, what you want?" William shouted.

"Nothing—nothing at all," said the compassionate voice. "I just thought I'd have lunch a little later than usual, not till half past 1—that is, if—well, I thought probably you meant to go to the station to see Miss Pratt off on the 1 o'clock train."

"How'd you find out she's going at 1 o'clock?"

"Why—why, Jane mentioned it," Mrs. Baxter replied, with obvious timidity. "Jane said"—

She was interrupted by the loud, desperate sound of William's fist smiting his writing table, so sensitive was his condition. "This is just unbearable!" he cried. "Nobody's business is safe from that child!"

"Why, Willie, I don't see how it matters if—"

He uttered a cry. "No! Nothing matters! Nothing matters at all! Do you suppose I want that child, with her insults, discussing when Miss Pratt is or is not going away? Don't you know there are some things that have no

The look of suffering upon the mirrored face slowly altered. In its place came one still sorrowful, but tempered with sweet indulgence. He stretched out his hand as if he set it upon a head at about the height of his shoulder.

"Yes, it may mean—it may mean forever," he said in a low, tremulous voice. "Little girl, we must be brave."

And the while his eyes gazed into the mirror they became expressive of a momentary pleased surprise, as if even in the arts of sorrow he found himself doing better than he knew. But his sorrow was none the less genuine because of that.

Then he noticed the ink upon his forehead and went away to wash. When he returned he did an unusual thing—he brushed his coat thoroughly, removing it for this special purpose. After that he earnestly combed and brushed his hair and retied his tie. Next he took from a drawer two clean handkerchiefs. He placed one in his breast pocket, part of the colored border of the handkerchief being left on exhibition, and with the other he carefully wiped his shoes. Finally he sawed it back and forth across them and, with a sigh, languidly dropped it upon the floor, where it remained.

Returning to the mirror, he again brushed his hair. He went so far this time as to brush his eyebrows, which seemed not much altered by the operation. Suddenly he was deeply affected by something seen in the glass.

"By George!" he exclaimed aloud.

Seizing a small hand mirror, he placed it in juxtaposition to his right eye and closely studied his left profile as exhibited in the larger mirror. Then he examined his right profile, subjecting it to like scrutiny, emotional, yet attentive and prolonged.

"By George!" he exclaimed again. "By George!"

He had made a discovery. There was a downy shadow upon his upper lip. What he had just found out was that this down could be seen projecting beyond the line of his lip, like a tiny nimbus. It could be seen in profile.

"By George!" William exclaimed.

He was still occupied with the two mirrors when his mother again tapped softly upon his door, rousing him as from a dream, brief but engaging, to the heavy realities of that day.

(To be Continued.)

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Telephone 53.

Napanee, Ont.

SHILOH
Cures colds, and heals
throat and lungs. 25 cents.

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If it's anything else it's a Yankee

Ask

E. J. POLLARD

About this Canadian Product

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**\$60.00 Terms if you
wish \$80.00**Toronto Office: 18 Adelaide St.,
West

No. 2

PROFIT FROM MUSKRAT FARMAnimals Are Easily Kept, Become Very
Tame and Breed Well in Narrow Quarters.

If many of the swamps and marsh lands which are now occupied by muskrats are reclaimed for agricultural purposes it may be necessary to start "muskrat farming" in order to supply the demand for muskrat fur, is the opinion of biologists of the United States department of agriculture. For the present, however, a sufficient number of muskrats to meet demands for their fur are trapped from marshes and swamps that are, for the most part, unprotected, millions of skins being taken each year. So long as the natural breeding places remain undisturbed and reasonable closed seasons are maintained, the biologist say, there is little likelihood of the numbers of the animals being depleted. This is because these animals multiply much more rapidly than most other fur bearers. With adequate protection in the breeding season and with the present habitat available, from ten to twelve million pelts can be taken in North America annually without depletion of the supply.

The practicability of muskrat farming already has been demonstrated. The animals are easily kept, become very tame, and breed well in narrow quarters. Under present economic conditions, however; keeping muskrats on preserves is more practicable than keeping them in restricted quarters. The former plan is in remunerative operation in the Chesapeake Bay region. In Dorchester county, Md., marsh land formerly considered almost use-

SALT CORN TO RETARD HEATActs Not Only as Preservative but Aids
in Drawing Out Water Which
Then Evaporates.

Owing to the large amount of soft corn that was harvested last fall, special care should be given to prevent it from heating in the crib. Corn that has already been cribbed without sorting should be worked over during weather unfit for husking. This is especially true if stored in large cribs without special ventilation. Corn in large, broad cribs freezes during the winter months and while frozen appears to be dry. Investigations, however, have shown that corn in such cribs dries out little until the weather begins to warm up in the spring. With the excessive moisture in the soft, frosted, and immature corn it is practically certain that there will be further spoilage and heating of the soft corn as the weather warms up.

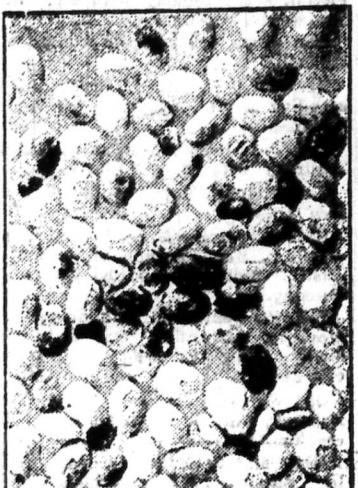
The salting of ear corn in cribs will retard and in many cases prevent heating. The salt acts not only as a preservative but aids in drawing the water from the corn, which then evaporates if the corn is stored in well-ventilated cribs so that the air can circulate freely through it. The United States has carried on no special experiments with salted corn, but the quantity of salt recommended ranges from one to two barrels per 1,000 bushels of corn. This condition, however, will not apply to shelled corn stored in elevator bins where a free circulation of air through the corn is impossible. Shelled corn of high moisture content should be artificially dried.

**HAND-PICK BEAN
SEED IS FAVERED**Most Effective Method to Reduce
Amount of Disease.**PLAN TO SECURE BEST STAND**Germination Test Should Be Made
During Winter Months When
Other Work on Farm Is Slack
—Good Method Outlined.

Bean anthracnose and blight are carried over from year to year in the seed. The most effective method to reduce the amount of disease, according to the United States department of agriculture, is by hand-picking the seed very carefully before planting. This will eliminate most of the spotted, discolored, shriveled, undersized, and cracked beans, and does a great deal toward insuring a uniform stand. A germination test of the seed will indicate whether a good stand is likely to result. This work should be done during the winter months when work is slack and before the spring rush begins.

Secure Cleaner Crop.

By removing all discolored and spotted beans the source of infection will be greatly reduced, and the result will be a cleaner crop. The weather conditions determine to a certain extent the severity of bean anthracnose and blight, but if all diseased seeds are removed the grower will be insured

Sample of Beans Unfit for Planting
Purposes.

against these losses regardless of the weather conditions. The undersized, shriveled, irregular, and cracked beans do not germinate well and their removal will help to secure a uniform stand. No chances should be taken with the 1918 crop. Only the very best seed available should be used.

Test Germination.

Germination tests should be made to determine what percentage of the seed will grow. Follow the method commonly employed for testing the ger-

NEW COAT OF MAEntire Tunics of Tarnished Silver
Dropped From Neck to KneesWarrior-Like Corsage is Embroidered
With Pearls, Brilliant and Flash
of Steel—Jewel Headdress.

Not only Cheruit, but many of French dressmakers, have lent their ear to making a pronounced fad out of silver tissue. Two years ago a prominent writer, who was excessively weary of evening gowns of superimposed pieces of taffeta on a metallic foundation, and when thought of silver and gold tissue presents itself as a fashion, we turn a few from it in a pertinacious manner.

But wait! This revival of a costume for women, the warrior's uniform of ancient days which no modern fair would touch, is another and a more pleasing thing than the evening gowns of metallic cloth.

Entire tunics, in the twelfth century fashion, are made of tarnished silver dropped from neck to knees, longer, over skirts of blood red or night blue satin or velvet. Except the costliness of the material, the nice have all the simplicity of primitive dressing. Their introduction in the early spring fashions has brought about a quantity of silver used in every way.

Mme. Simone of the Theater de la Mode in Paris, is wearing, I hear, a wonderful gown which is being copied for this country. It is of silver cloth faced with red, hanging in panels from the ground over a slim, tight skirt. The warrior-like corsage is embroidered with pearls, brilliant and flashes of steel. To it she adds a warrior headdress made of the same jewel in the corsage and mounted on silver cloth.

Wherever silver can be flicked and out of a frock to enliven it, designer loses no chance of trying her ingenuity through this character. When she abandons the Russian blouse of gold and bronze metallic cloth which drops over a skirt of blue satin, she takes the same material



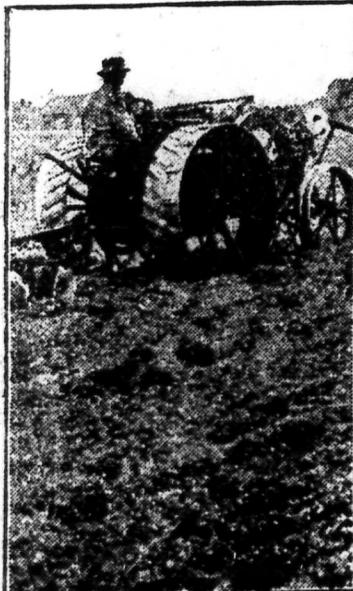
tion of the supply.

The practicability of muskrat farming already has been demonstrated. The animals are easily kept, become very tame, and breed well in narrow quarters. Under present economic conditions, however; keeping muskrats on preserves is more practicable than keeping them in restricted quarters. The former plan is in remunerative operation in the Chesapeake Bay region. In Dorchester county, Md., marsh land formerly considered almost useless, and now used as muskrat preserves, is worth more, measured by actual income, than cultivated lands in the same vicinity. The owner of one 1,000-acre tract of marsh, took in two seasons—1909 and 1910—more than 12,000 pelts which sold for more than \$9,000.

TRACTORS TO PREPARE SOIL

Endeavor Being Made to Solve Farm Problem and Increase Crop Production.

The Maryland and New York state councils of defense have been endeavoring to assist in solving the farm labor problem, and increasing the production of crops in those states by making a limited number of tractors available to farmers for use in communities where the conditions rendered this practicable. Last spring the New York state council of defense purchased a number of tractors to be used in plowing and preparing land for crops. These outfits were made available to responsible organizations in the principal agricultural counties with the understanding that a considerably increased acreage of land would be planted to crops over the amount normally planted. Last fall the state



Tractor at Work.

council of defense of Maryland bought a small number of tractors for a similar purpose.

The results thus far have proven so satisfactory that plans are under way to continue the use of the tractors in the preparation of land for spring crops.

In addition to meeting an emergency the use of the tractors has resulted in the purchase of a number of them by individual farmers and groups of farmers.

cribs so that the air can circulate freely through it. The United States has carried on no special experiments with salted corn, but the quantity of salt recommended ranges from one to two barrels per 1,000 bushels of corn. This condition, however, will not apply to shelled corn stored in elevator bins where a free circulation of air through the corn is impossible. Shelled corn of high moisture content should be artificially dried.

Two Incidents of War

Indicate Sharp Contrast

Between National Schools

SIR WALTER RALEIGH, the well-known Oxford scholar, recently published a book with the attractive title, "The Soul of England," and in it he included a little story which has just been used by Mr. H. A. L. Fisher, British Minister of Education, to show that we are fighting to defend a great civilization:

"A month before war broke out there was a German student in Oxford who attended a picture palace. It was crowded with young Englishmen, members of the university. Suddenly the Kaiser appeared on the film, and a young Englishman who was sitting behind the German made an insulting observation, whereupon the young German turned round and boxed the Englishman's ears. Upon that the whole theatre burst out into applause. The young Englishmen felt that this young German had been unfairly treated, that his Kaiser had been abused in his presence in rather an ungentlemanly manner. A German came to a friend of mine—his old tutor—afterwards and said: 'You are a wonderful people.' He told the story, and said: 'Such chivalry as that would have been quite incomprehensible in my country.' Well, that is really our civilization. That little story gives you the whole of our civilization. That chivalry is quite apparent in the private soldier and in the officer. It is apparent through the whole of English society, and I feel that so long as that spirit remains among us we can hold our heads high among the nations of the earth."

In striking contrast to this is a dramatic incident told by a sergeant of some recent fighting which brings out strongly the difference between the Briton and the German:

"I was lying wounded in a shallow trench, when I saw a German approach an English lad who was lying on the parapet, badly hit on the leg. He was unable to move, but the German deliberately bayoneted him through the body as he lay—a dastardly act. At that moment I noticed our young sergeant-major, who was standing some yards away from the two. I shall never forget his expression; he was convulsed with horror and loathing. He did not attempt to shoot or stab the enemy, but in a burst of ungovernable rage disdainfully dropped his rifle and leapt at the Hun—sprang at him like a bulldog. Before the foeman had time to realize what had happened, the young Englishman had him by the throat and literally choked the life out of him and then flung the body away. In my mind's eye even now I can see the dead German lying beside his poor victim, and in all my twenty months at the front never did I witness an incident so terrible, so dramatic, and yet so splendid."

against these losses regardless of the weather conditions. The undersized, shriveled, irregular, and cracked beans do not germinate well and their removal will help to secure a uniform stand. No chances should be taken with the 1918 crop. Only the very best seed available should be used.

Test Germination.

Germination tests should be made to determine what percentage of the seed will grow. Follow the method commonly employed for testing the germination of corn. The seeds may be laid between moist blotters or folds of cloth placed in a shallow dish, covered with a plate and kept in a warm room; or they may be planted in sand or soil.

If the germination is poor, the fact must be taken into account when deciding upon the rate of planting, in order to insure a good stand. It is very important that seed be tested this year, since early frosts in the fall of 1917 prevented the crop from maturing properly in some of the principal bean-growing sections of the country. A failure to do so may result in a poor stand and much reduced yield.

FIELD PEA AS FORAGE CROP

Well Adapted to Northern Portion of United States for Spring and Summer Growth.

One of the first crops to be planted in the spring—and in some cases one of the best—is the field pea known in some localities as the Canadian field pea. It deserves even wider use than has been given it according to a recent publication, Farmers' Bulletin 690, entitled "The Field Pea as a Forage Crop," published by the U. S. department of agriculture.

Since the field pea requires a cool temperature during its growth, it is well adapted for spring and summer growth in the northern portion of the United States and in the comparatively high altitudes of the Rocky Mountain region, and for winter growth in the lower South. It is useful on the farm as a rotation crop for hay, grain, silage or green manure, and the peas may be used in the green state as a vegetable like garden peas.

FARMERS ARE SOIL ROBBERS

Those Who Formerly Raised Cattle, Sheep and Hogs Are Now Selling Off Grain Crops.

Thousands of farmers in our richest agricultural regions who were at one time growers of good cattle, sheep and hogs are becoming soil robbers. The high price of grain is tempting them to sell instead of feed out the crops.

GET STRAW BACK ON FIELDS

It Contributes Largejy to Formation of Humus, Necessary for Continuous Crops.

Be sure and get all the straw back on the farm either in the form of manure or spread out over the fields with a straw spreader. It makes humus and that is what the farmer is after if he is to continue harvesting crops.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Out
Has
that
in bl
class

W

NEW COAT OF MAIL

Entire Tunics of Tarnished Silver, Dropped From Neck to Knees.

Warrior-Like Corsage Is Embroidered With Pearls, Brilliant and Flashes of Steel—Jewel Headress.

Not only Cheruit, but many other French dressmakers, have lent their aid to making a pronounced fashion of silver tissue. Two years ago, observes a prominent writer, we grew excessively weary of evening gowns made of superimposed pieces of tulle on a metallic foundation, and when the thought of silver and gold tissue presents itself as a fashion, we turn away from it in a petulant manner.

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Mme. Simone of the Theater Anne in Paris, is wearing, I hear, a wonderful gown which is being copied in this country. It is of silver clothed with red, hanging in panels on a ground over a slim, tight skirt that hangs to the figure as she walks. The warrior-like corsage is embroidered with pearls, brilliant and flashes of steel. To it she adds a warrior's address made of the same jewels as the corsage and mounted on silver th.

Wherever silver can be flicked in and out of a frock to enliven it, the wearer loses no chance of trying out her ingenuity through this channel, when she abandons the Russian blouse of gold and bronze metallic cloth, which drops over a skirt of bronze taffeta, she takes the same material and

uses it in bands, cuffs and high, wrinkled collars that enclose the chin like a fence.

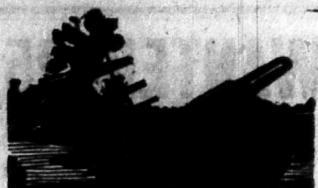
It is a strange idea, this bringing out of a new coat of mail for women as the spring approaches. Is it a recognition of their first victory toward suffrage and the fact that they may be counted as warriors today in civic, national and war work?

The Taking of Jerusalem.

For the world the fall of Jerusalem was an event of great sentimental importance, even though it was practically without military meaning. The rescue of the city from Moslem hands was celebrated alike by Jew and Christian, and for the Jews it was accepted as the guarantee of the erection of a Jewish state under British protection, which would renew the great Hebrew tradition.

On the military side the British success was important only as the campaign is designed to draw away from the Turkish army who were preparing for a thrust at Bagdad, certain divisions and squadrons for the defence of the Holy Land and Syria. Under the command of Falkenhayn, a Turkish army has been preparing for months to retake Bagdad. A threat to Syria and an immediate menace to the Mecca railroad might conceivably lead the Turk to insist upon detaching troops from the Bagdad army for use against Allenby in defending their threatened dominions.

At all events the British are compelled to keep troops in the Near East to defend Egypt, and a defence of Egypt would be as easy in Palestine as at the bank of the Suez Canal, while the moral effect of depriving the Turk of Jerusalem, as he has already been deprived of Bagdad by the British and of Mecca by the Arabs, must be considerable. It would be a mistake to regard the Bagdad or Jerusalem operations as anything but "side shows." One is designed to protect Egypt, the other India. Both have seized Turkish lands which may never return to the Sultan, and the result of both campaigns may be the liberation of all the Arab world from the Osmanli yoke. Syria may become a French protectorate, Palestine and Mesopotamia British protectorates, but these are considerations for the future. For the present they are but details in a world war, new evidences of the fashion in which Britain is reviewing her traditions of other centuries.—American Review of Reviews.



Red-blooded men of courage are on the firing line—and there are many anemic, weak, discouraged men and women left at home.

At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often called Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn out, before the day is half thru. They may have frequent headaches and sometimes "pimples" or pale skin.

Bloodless people, thin, anemic people, those with pale cheeks and lips, who have a poor appetite and feel that tired, worn or feverish condition in the springtime of the year, should try the refreshing tonic powers of a good alterative and blood purifier. Such a one is extracted from Blood root, Golden Seal and Stone root, Queen's root and Oregon Grape root, made up with chemically pure glycerine and without the use of alcohol. This can be obtained in ready-to-use tablet form in fifty-cent vials, as druggists have sold it for fifty years as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a standard remedy that can be obtained in tablet or liquid form.

WINDSOR, ONT.—"Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his Pleasant Pellets are wonderful medicines for home use. I used to suffer with weak lungs, smothering spells and sick-headaches, but since I have taken the above mentioned medicines these conditions have left me."

"Such medicines as Dr. Pierce's are worthy of praise and I am very glad to add my testimonial to the thousands of others."—MRS. ELLEN HARDING, 11 King Street, West.

SPREAD MANURE ON FIELDS

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The best and most economical way to handle manure is to draw the manure out to the fields as fast as made, and spread it. If the ground is not liable to wash badly and is not of a leachy character, there will be no loss of fertility.

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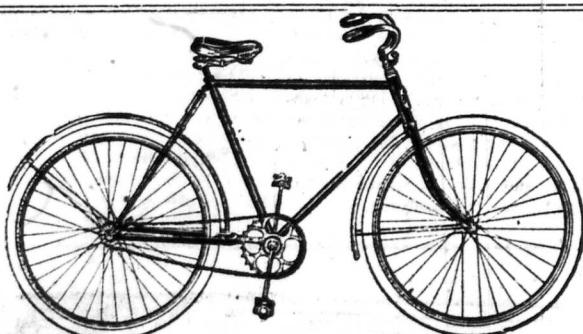
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NOTICE.

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Get a tin of Jontee Talcum, the newest and daintiest odor of all. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.



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(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. Pastor.

10.30 a.m.—Oddfellows anniversary service. Both local lodges will attend. Special music.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7.00—Evening service.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., Vice Services at St. Mary Magdalene Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.

12.00—Sunday School.

7.00—Evening Prayer.

"Rogation Sunday"—special pray for this year's harvest.

THURSDAY, MAY 9th

Ascension Day

8.30 a.m.—Children's service.

10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

GROCERIES.

Special for Saturday—Fresh Strawberries, Celery, Lettuce, a few Valencia Oranges, and California Lemons. Good Coffee at 40c.

G. W. BOYES.

Phone 236.

War Measures Discussed.

At a largely attended meeting some one hundred and fifty farmers South Fredericksburgh and Adolph townships, called under auspices of the local Co-operat Farmers' Association it was decic to urge upon the Government the c asteous effects upon production of latest military service order. It was pointed out that the men who were taken were in reality in m cases trained farm managers and r replaceable. The application of Order would mean the practi abandonment of many farms. In loyal and sincere spirit the meeti passed a resolution strongly urgi the retention of the men on the la as a war measure, and appointed f delegates to present this opinion Ottawa.

Grand Patriotic Concert.

In aid of overseas Y.M.C.A.

Notice.

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THE COOKE STUDIO

Next to Napanee Post Office.

We have a full line of Picture Framing Goods.

CREAM-We Want Yours

We are the Largest Manufacturers of Creamery Butter in Eastern Ontario.

WE PAY EXPRESS. WE FURNISH CANS. PROFITABLE PRICES PROMPTLY PAID.

Write us

Belleville Creamery Limited,

118 Front Street.

Belleville, Ontario.

15h

FARM BUILDINGS

are one of the clearest signs of the prosperity prevailing in any agricultural district.

A close observer driving along a country road and watching Buildings, Fences and the state of cultivation, can read the owner's character better than a fortune-teller. An old building like an old coat can be patched, and the old proverb, "A stitch in time" applies to buildings as well as clothes.

YOUR PROSPERITY

depends on ALL YOUR BUILDINGS being kept in the best possible state of repair so that all their contents will be preserved in first-class condition. A leaky roof, a rotten floor, and a cold pig pen or poultry house is a direct aid to the Kaiser.

No matter what your needs in connection with old or new buildings, or building material, I can help you to solve them.

I can let you have plans, specifications, bills of materials and Estimates of cost for Alterations or New Buildings. Call, phone or write.

I will buy dry oak or maple in any thickness.

W. D. MIDMER,

Lumber and Building Supplies.

Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.

Successors to Dafoe & Waller.

45ft

or their friends on Friday evening, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Neil who leave in a few days for their new home in Toronto. During the evening Mr. and Mrs. McTaggart presented them with a sterling silver toilet set, and Mrs. Schuyler Loucks presented them with one dozen silver teaspoons, after which the crowd dispersed wishing Mr. and Mrs. McNeil every success in their new undertakings.

Notice.

For nice cured Hams go to Kelly's MUSIC.

Patriotic Songs, Sheet Music. Come in and see them.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Market Square.

MUST SHOW NUMBER.

The license number from the Canada Food Board must appear on every letterhead, contract, acceptance of order, invoice, price list quotation issued, and advertisements.

Hogs and Calves Wanted

Will ship on Thursday, May 9th, and will pay the highest market price for select hogs and good veal calves.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

Wanted Hogs and Calves.

Will ship Monday, May 6th, and will pay \$19.50 for Hogs and \$17.00 for sows. Calves from 5c. to 13c. lb. Bring in your hogs and calves. Fat cattle and milch cows wanted.

Telephone 226. FRED WILSON.

Hogs and Cattle Wanted

Will ship on Saturday, May 4th, 1918. Will pay \$19.50 for select hogs weighing 150 lbs. or over, and the raise, if any. 7c. to 11c. for calves.

J. W. HAMBLY.

G. H. WILLIAMS.

Car of Feed Corn.

Will unload a car of extra good feed corn in a few days. Will members send in their requirements at once to H. R. Paul, Roblin. Public meeting Friday evening, May 3rd.

ROBLINDALE FARMERS.

AUTOMOBILE TIRES.

Buy your new tires now before the prices advance. We have the largest and best assorted stock of tires and tubes ever shown in Napanee. We can sell you non skid comes from \$16.00 up. All sorts of automobile supplies at the PIONEER GARAGE. Call and see the new coil oil Carburettor, 35 miles to the gallon of coil oil.

21-tf W. J. NORMILE.

HOARDING SUGAR.

After May 15th no person excepting a dealer or manufacturer may have more than enough sugar to last them for more than 15 days, or if living from two to five miles from a dealer enough for 30 days, or if five to ten miles from a dealer enough to last 120 days. Fines from \$100 to \$1000 are provided for infringement of the regulations. Persons having more than the above supply are required to return the surplus to the dealer from whom they purchased it.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

In view of the fact that all lines of material have been steadily advancing in price thus necessitating higher charges in all lines of installation work, it has been decided that in order that we may make our charges as low as possible all installation work and sales in the future will be strictly cash. We sincerely trust that this will not seriously inconvenience our patrons, and hope that we may receive your hearty co-operation.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER
COMMISSION OF ONTARIO.

pointed out that the men who were taken were in reality in many cases trained farm managers and replaceable. The application of Order would mean the practical abandonment of many farms. It is a loyal and sincere spirit the meeting passed a resolution strongly urging the retention of the men on the farms as a war measure, and appointed delegates to present this opinion to the delegates.

Grand Patriotic Concert.

In aid of overseas Y.M.C.A., given by Pipe Major and Mrs. Johnston, assisted by local talent, on May 9th, the Armories, at 8 p.m.

Opening selection.....Napanee Band
Bag-pipe selection.....Major Johnstone
Highland Fling.....Hilda D
Recitation (selected).....Mrs. Pow
Juvenile sword dance.....Kitty Johnston
Selection.....Napanee Band
Irish Jig (in costume).....Mrs. Johnston
Bag-pipe selection.....Major Johnstone
Sword dance.....Alex MacGregor
INTERMISSION.

Selection.....Napanee Band
Floral operetta.....By girls of the juvenile dancing class, under direction of Mrs. Powell and Mrs. Johnston.

CASTE OF CHARACTERS.

Papa Jacque Rose—Major of Royal Arbour

Mamma Jacque Rose—His Wife Pink Rose }—Their Daughter White Rose }

Floral—Queen of Flowerdom
Mille Cricket—A Prima Donna
Miss Moss Rose—A Spinster
Miss Lilac }

Miss Lily }—Buds of Rose Arbour
Miss Blue Bell }

Miss Carnation }—Blossoms
Miss Chrysanthemum }—Rose Arbour
Mr. Sunflower—A Gay Bachelor

Mr. Pansy—A Master of ceremonies
Exhibition of the latest New Dances, The Chinese Toddle, Taps a Tickle-Toes.

Selection—Napanee Band
God Save the King.

Admission 25c. Adults, 15c. Children under 12 years.

NURSING SISTER PASSED AWAY

Once again the home of the Rev. Canon R. S. Forneri has been called upon to mourn the loss of a member of the family since the war began. This morning the venerable clergyman received the sad news that his daughter, Agnes Florien Forneri, nurse sister had died on Wednesday of last week. A few days ago it was announced that she was dangerously ill. This morning's message reads:

Ottawa, April 25th, 1918.

Rev. R. S. Forneri,
114 Bridge Street,
Belleville, Ontario.

Deeply regret to inform you Nursing Sister Agnes Florien Forneri, Medic Services, officially reported died at Military Hospital, Bramshott, April 24th, 1918. Hemorrhage stomach.

Director of Records.

The late Nursing Sister Forneri was born in Adolphustown but lived most of her life in Kingston, where her father, Canon Forneri, was rector of St. Luke's Church until his retirement and removal to Belleville. When the war broke out, her brother, Aylwin Forneri, of the Merchants' Bank, Montreal, enlisted and after months of service during which he won his commission, he was reported missing and later was presumed dead. Miss Agnes Forneri took a course in nursing at Ottawa in order to go overseas and be near her brother in case he should be wounded, but before she was able to go, he was reported missing. She did noble service overseas and her death is perhaps due to overwork.

Valspar, the Varnish that stands the boiling water test (see adv. in Ladies Home Journal) for sale at W. L. LACE'S, agents for Napanee.

Made for You
PERSONALLY
is what you get in a

WALTERS
Custom Tailored
SUIT

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D.,
ctor.
10.30 a.m.—Oddfellows anniversary
rvice. Both local lodges will at-
nd. Special music.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible
asses.
7.00—Evening service.

MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., Vicar
Services at S. Mary Magdalene
church:
10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
1.00—Evening Prayer.
"Rogation Sunday"—special prayer
r this year's harvest.

THURSDAY, MAY 9th
Ascension Day
8.30 a.m.—Children's service.
10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

ROCERIES.
Special for Saturday—Fresh Straw-
berries, Celery, Lettuce, a few new
tencia Oranges, and California Lem-
ons. Aood Coffee at 40c.

G. W. BOYES.

Phone 236.

Measures Discussed.

At a largely attended meeting of
me one hundred and fifty farmers of
uth Fredericksburgh and Adolphus-
wn townships, called under the
spices of the local Co-operative
rmers' Association it was decided
urge upon the Government the dis-
tress effects upon production of the
test military service order. It was
nted out that the men who were
ing taken were in reality in most
ses trained farm managers and non
placeable. The application of the
der would mean the practical
andonment of many farms. In a
val and sincere spirit the meeting
ssed a resolution strongly urging
e retention of the men on the land
a war measure, and appointed four
legates to present this opinion in
awa.

and Patriotic Concert.
In aid of overseas Y.M.C.A. given

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. C. W. DeMille, Minister.
9.45—Fellowship service in School
Room.
10.30—Morning worship and com-
munion.
11.45—Sunday School.
3.00—Mission Band.
8.00—Evening worship.
(Please note the hour.)
Wednesday, 8.00—Prayer service.
Thursday, 3 p.m.—W. M. S.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Gould is spending a few weeks
with her niece Mrs. Jas. Gordon.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davy have moved
to the house on Bridge street west
recently vacated by Dr. Fisher.

Mrs. F. H. Carson left on Tuesday
for Toronto where she has secured a
position in the Merchants' Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Jas. Roblin are
moving from Mrs. Gibson's house to
the Presbyterian Manse.

Miss Bertha Shellington and Miss
Grace Asselstine, Odessa, are among
the nurses graduating from the
Kingston General Hospital and will
receive their diplomas on May 10th.

Miss Hester Gibbard leaves this
week for a two months' trip to
Edmonton, Alta.

Mr. Limbert Graham left Wednesday
to spend a couple of months at
Calgary, Alta.

Mrs. Strong leaves next week for
Manitow, Man., where she will reside
with her brother.

Mrs. Jas. Foster has returned to
Napanee after spending several weeks
in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Burns and son, Roy,
Picton, spent Sunday with Mr. and
Mrs. Orval Ward.

Miss Irma Holmes spent Sunday in
Belleville.

Mr. Morris Trottier, Lansdowne, is
spending a few days with friends in
Napanee.

Pte. P. J. Queen, Leaside, spent
Saturday with Miss Mollie Frink.

Mrs. Melville Taylor is home from
New York.

Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Caton, Mrs.
Cowling, Mrs. Freeman and Mr. Geo.
Tustin motored to Kingston on
Tuesday.

Will the gentleman who dropped a
glove in our office on Wednesday
kindly bring us the other glove or
call and get the one we have here.

On Saturday afternoon last Oscar
Babcock, Odessa, broke his arm while
cranking his car.

Miss Maysie Madole was successful
in passing her examinations at
Queen's University and also won the
Mac Lennan Scholarship in Greek.

Miss Saloma Hartman left on Monday
last for New York City where
she is entering the Hahnemann Hos-
pital as Nurse-in-training.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Kilpatrick, of
Kingston, spent Monday in town, also
Mrs. C. Gould and her niece, Mrs.
Jas. Grills, of Belleville, removing
the remains of the late Mrs. J. H.
Kilpatrick to the Deseronto Cemetery.

W. J. Shannon, of Napanee, D.D.G.
M. of the 14th Masonic District paid
an official visit to Lorne Lodge, Tam-
worth, last Friday night. A number of
brethren were present from Kings-
ton, Napanee, Centreville and Har-
rowsmith.

Miss Caroline McConnachie return-

Good Judgment and
Forethought Used

Travellers show preference for
Scenic Route; Busy Men
use Night Trains

Nowadays, forethought and a lively
sense of public appreciation play an
important part in the construction
of a railroad. The Canadian Northern
made a happy choice in the
selection of its route between Toronto
and Ottawa: skirting the shore-
line of Lake Ontario and the Bay of
Quinte; over the height of land be-
tween Napanee and Sydenham; and
through Rideau Lakes region, adds
zest to the daytime journey in
Spring or Summer. Comfortable
day and night trains, stopping at
principal intermediate stations, have
made the route very popular.

For information, literature, tickets,
and reservations, apply to nearest
C.N.R. Ticket Agent, or write General
Passenger Department, 68 King Street
East, Toronto.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

Special 10 Day Sale
of Boots and Shoes

—at—

Weiss Bros'.

To make room for Spring Goods.

We will give a Discount of
10 Per Cent. off all
Goods.

Sale starts

Saturday, April 27th

WEISS BROS.

Make a specialty of Rubbers

Largest Shoe Dealers
NAPANEE and TRENTON.

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class work-
men; cigars and tobacco. Give me a
call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Car for Hire.

Day or night.
Reasonable rates.

J. A. VINE,

Bridge Street.

Or Strand Theatre.

21-2-m

Notice to Auto Owners

We have opened up a service station
for storage batteries and are prepared
to repair all makes of batteries. Satis-
faction guaranteed and prices reason-
able. Get your batteries repaired in
town and save express charges.
Special prices to dealers.

C. A. WISEMAN,
Napanee.

Music.

If you are thinking of buying a
Piano, Organ, Talking Machine (Victor
or Edison), or Sewing Machine,
see us before you buy. We trade for
anything. Terms to suit purchaser.
Hundreds of references. Long winter
evenings is the time to enjoy a Talk-



YOU CAN TELL
BY ITS LOOKS

that our meat is of choice quality.
The little streaks of fat running
through it proves that it came from
expertly fed cattle. The better judge
you are of meat, the more you'll ap-
preciate the importance of these fat
steaks. But no matter how experi-
enced you may be you'll not fail to
appreciate its fine quality when it
appears on your table.

NORMILE GROCERY CO'Y.

Successors to The Beverly Mc-
Donald Co.



FOR SALE BY
R. J. WALES
NAPANEE

The Candy
Store

Our Homemade
Candy continues
to please our
patrons.

If you have not tried it call and
get some on your way home.
Your wife and family will ap-
preciate it.

CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices

inted out that the men who were taken were in reality in most cases trained farm managers and non-placeable. The application of the order would mean the practical abandonment of many farms. In a real and sincere spirit the meeting passed a resolution strongly urging a retention of the men on the land as a war measure, and appointed four delegates to present this opinion in Ottawa.

and Patriotic Concert.

In aid of overseas Y.M.C.A., given Pipe Major and Mrs. Johnston, assisted by local talent, on May 9th, in Armouries, at 8 p.m.
Evening selection.....Napanee Band
g-pipe selection.....Major Johnston
ghland Fling.....Hilda Daly
citation (selected).Mrs. Powell
venile sword dance.....Kitty Johnston
ection.....Napanee Band
sh Jig (in costume)...Mrs. Johnston
g-pipe selection...Major Johnston
ord dance.....Alex MacGregor

INTERMISSION.

ection.....Napanee Band
ral operetta....By girls of the Ju-
ile dancing class, under direction
Mrs. Powell and Mrs. Johnston.

CASTE OF CHARACTERS.

pa Jacque Rose—Major of Rose Arbor
mna Jacque Rose—His Wife
k Rose }—Their Daughters
ite Rose }—Queen of Flowerdom
ral—Queen of Flowerdom
le Cricket—A Prima Donna
ss Moss Rose—A Spinster
ss Lilac }
ss Lily }—Buds of Rose Arbor
ss Blue Bell }
ss Carnation }—Blossoms of
ss Chrysanthemum } Rose Arbor
. Sunflower—A Gay Bachelor
. Pansy—A Master of ceremonies
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ices, The Chinese Toddle, Taps and
kle-Toes.
ection—Napanee Band
God Save the King.
dmission 25c. Adults, 15c. Children
ler 12 years.

RISING SISTER PASSED AWAY.
nce again the home of the Rev.
on R. S. Forneri has been called
n to mourn the loss of a member
the family since the war began.
s morning the venerable clergyman
ived the sad news that his daughter
Agnes Florien Forneri, nursing
er had died on Wednesday of last
k. A few days ago it was an-
eed that she was dangerously
This morning's message reads:

Ottawa, April 25th, 1918.
R. S. Forneri,
14 Bridge Street,
Belleville, Ontario.

ply, regret to inform you Nursing
er Agnes Florien Forneri, Medical
ices, officially reported died at
ary Hospital, Bramshott, April
, 1918. Hemorrhage stomach.

Director of Records.

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in Adolphustown but lived most
her life in Kingston, where her
, Canon Forneri, was rector of
Luke's Church until his retirement
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broke out, her brother, Aylwin
eri, of the Merchants' Bank, Mon-
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was presumed dead. Miss Agnes
eri took a course in nursing at
wa in order to go overseas and
ean her brother in case he should
ounded, but before she was able
o, he was reported missing. She
noble service overseas and her
is perhaps due to overwork.

spur, the Varnish that stands the
g water test (see adv. in Ladies'
e Journal) for sale at WAL-
E'S, agents for Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Kilpatrick, of
Kingston, spent Monday in town, al-
so Mrs. C. Gould and her niece, Mrs.
Jas. Grills, of Belleville, removing
the remains of the late Mrs. J. H.
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W. J. Shannon, of Napanee, D.D.G.
M. of the 14th Masonic District paid
an official visit to Lorne Lodge, Tam-
worth, last Friday night. A number
of brethren were present from Kings-
ton, Napanee, Centreville and Har-
rowsmith.

Miss Caroline McConnachie returned
home on Tuesday from Kingston
General Hospital where she under-
went an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Root have moved
to Mr. Purdy's house on Adelphi St.

Master Morris Wolfe left on Mon-
day for Cornwall to drive a truck for
the Daly Tea Co.

Mrs. Stephen Gibson is spending a
week in Napanee.

Mrs. J. L. Madill is visiting her son,
Clarence, in Montreal.

Mrs. Chas. Stevens is spending a
few days in Kingston.

Mrs. D. W. Spencer spent last week
visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. Spencer,
Deseronto.

Mrs. Mitchell, Deseronto, spent last
week the guest of Mrs. Ezra Pringle.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Laidley, Belleville,
received word on Thursday that
Percy U. Laidley had again been
wounded on April 16th, gun-shot
wound in left leg.

Mrs. Alex Smith, Bridge street, at-
tains her ninety-second birthday to-
day. She was born at Barbados,
British West Indies, where she met
and married her future husband, Capt.
Alex Smith, who was stationed there
with his regiment the 72nd
Highlanders. Captain Smith resigned
his commission and he and his wife
came to Canada. Mr. Smith was the
first manager of the Merchants' Bank
in Napanee.

BIRTHS.

BALLANCE—At Richmond, on Thurs-
day, April 18th, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs.
Frank Ballance, (nee Florence Sex-
smith), a son.

SMITH—At Bassano, Alberta, on
Thursday, April 25th, 1918, to Mr. and
Mrs. Roy Smith, a son.

MARRIAGES.

KERR—ASSELSTINE—At the resi-
dence of the bride's parents, West
St., Napanee, on May 1st, by Rev. W.
P. Rogers, Ernest V. Kerr, of Selby,
to Ephie F. Asselstine, of Napanee.

RICHARDS—GODKIN—On Tuesday,
April 30th, 1918, at Trinity Parsonage,
Napanee, by Rev. C. W. Demille,
Violet Gertrude Godkin to Lewis
Leroy Richards.

STORRING—WALLACE—On Tuesday,
April 30th, 1918, at Trinity Parsonage,
Napanee, by Rev. C. W. Demille,
Lena Wallace, of Crosby, to Edward
Storring, of Sydenham.

DEATHS.

KIMMETT—At Marlbank, on Satur-
day, April 27th, 1918, William M.
Kimmert, aged 35 years, 6 months.

MCALLISTER—At Toronto, on Sun-
day, April 28th, 1918, John McAllister,
formerly of Richmond.

SMITH—At Ernestown, on Wednes-
day, May 1st, 1918, Elias Martin
Smith, aged 60 years, 11 months.

Garden Seeds at WALLACE'S.

Black Leg Vaccine always fresh and
reliable at WALLACE'S Drug Store.
P.S.—Get the new injector that never
loses a pill.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

Get your groceries repaired in
town and save express charges.
Special prices to dealers.

C. A. WISEMAN,
Napanee.

MUSIC.

If you are thinking of buying a
Piano, Organ, Talking Machine (Victor
or Edison), or Sewing Machine,
see us before you buy. We trade for
anything. Terms to suit purchaser.
Hundreds of references. Long winter
evenings is the time to enjoy a Talking
Machine. Come and see them.
Hundreds of records.

VANLUVEN BROS.
Napanee and Moscow.

Muresco and Alabestine for sale at
WALLACE'S, the leading drug store.

There is only one place in Napanee
where you can get any and all kinds
of pennants, and that is at M. PLIZ-
ZARIELLO'S, on the Market Square.

**Candy continues
to please our
patrons.**

If you have not tried it call and
get some on your way home.
Your wife and family will ap-
preciate it.

**CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices**

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

Send your developing and printing
to WALLACE'S Drug Store—satisfac-
tion guaranteed.

THE STRAND THEATRE

M. MAKER, Proprietor.

Friday and Saturday, May 3rd and 4th

World Pictures present the well known, noted actress

Alice Brady in "THE MAID OF BELGIUM"



MABEL NORMAND
IN
"DODGING A MILLION"
GOLDWYN PICTURES

Monday and Tuesday, May 6th and 7th

Goldwyn presents

MABEL NORMAND

the Snuggly Girl in the drama of
thrills, mystery, laughter and love

"DODGING A MILLION"

by Edgar Selwyn and A. M. Kennedy. The romance of an heiress
who lived in luxury on nothing a year.

Wednesday and Thursday, May 8th and 9th.

13th Episode of

"VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN"

also other good reels and comedies.

Friday and Saturday, May 10th and 11th—Robert
Warwick in "ALL MAN."

Admission 6c. and 11c. Saturday Afternoon 6c.